



RESEARCH

Statistics

Quarterly Report: US Financial Institutions, 1Q25

Financial & Regulatory Data

Published: May 2025

Key Takeaways from the Quarter

Income Statement

- Total revenue: \$225.0 billion, +3.7% Q/Q, +6.1% Y/Y
- Operating expenses: \$139.8 billion, +2.0% Q/Q, +2.4% Y/Y
- Net income available to common: \$53.9 billion, +7.6% Q/Q, +16.6% Y/Y

Balance Sheet

- Total assets: \$20.8 trillion, +4.6% Q/Q, +3.3% Y/Y
- Net loans1: \$7.4 trillion, +1.3% Q/Q, +3.1% Y/Y
- Deposits: \$12.6 trillion, +2.3% Q/Q, +1.5% Y/Y

Regulatory Ratios

- Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital: 12.8%; +4.2 pps since 2009, 2.3 pps above maximum requirement
- Tier 1 (T1) Capital: 14.7%; +2.0 pps since 2009, 8.7 pps above requirement

Contents

Executive Summary 3

Overview: Financial Statements 4

Income Statement Metrics 5

Balance Sheet Metrics 17

Regulatory Ratios 30

Appendix: Methodology 37

Appendix: CCAR Firm List 38

Appendix: G-SIB List 39

Appendix: Terms to Know 40

Authors 41

Executive Summary

The U.S. financial system, with over \$24 trillion in assets¹, is a large, complex system set up to serve the needs of individuals, corporations, and governments of all sizes. Since the global financial crisis, financial institutions and regulators have worked to shore up the strength and resiliency of the system. Using the Federal Reserve's Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review (CCAR) firms as a proxy for the system, this quarterly report provides a snapshot of the current landscape. (Please see the Appendix for methodology and firm lists.) We analyze select income statement, balance sheet and regulatory ratio statistics and trends, which show this group of firms has much higher capital levels and healthier balance sheets than during the global financial crisis. We highlight the following trends: (aggregate of all CCAR firms, unless indicated)

Income Statement

- Total revenue: \$225.0 billion, +3.7% Q/Q, +6.1% Y/Y
- Operating expenses: \$139.8 billion, +2.0% Q/Q, +2.4% Y/Y
- Net income available to common: \$53.9 billion, +7.6% Q/Q, +16.6% Y/Y

Balance Sheet

- Total assets: \$20.8 trillion, +4.6% Q/Q, +3.3% Y/Y
- Net loans²: \$7.4 trillion, +1.3% Q/Q, +3.1% Y/Y
- Deposits: \$12.6 trillion, +2.3% Q/Q, +1.5% Y/Y
- As compared to 2009
 - o Liquidity³: 12.6%, +3.8 pps since 2009
 - o Non-performing loans (NPLs)/Total loans: 0.6%, -2.7 pps since 2009
 - o Net charge-offs (NCOs): 86.1%, -237.3 pps since 2009

Regulatory Ratios⁴

- Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital: 12.8%; +4.2 pps since 2009, 2.3 pps above maximum requirement
- Tier 1 (T1) Capital: 14.7%; +2.0 pps since 2009, 8.7 pps above requirement
- Data for G-SIBs only
 - o Supplemental Leverage Ratio (SLR): 6.1%, 0.1 pps with maximum requirement
 - o Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR): 118.6%, 18.6 pps above maximum requirement
 - o Total Loss Absorbing Capital (TLAC) as % of RWA: 33.2%, 15.2 pps above requirement

¹ Source: FRED Economic Data (total assets for all commercial banks as of May 7, 2025)

² Net loans = loans - allowance for loan loss

³ Liquidity = (cash + deposits at banks) / total assets

⁴ Levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws. Basel III minimums: CET1 = minimum 7.0%, G-SIB max 10.5%; T1 = 6.0%; SLR = B3 minimum 3.0%, U.S. bank holding company 5.0%, U.S. bank 6.0%; LCR = 100.0%; TLAC/RWA = 18.0%. RWA = risk-weighted assets

Overview: Financial Statements

We highlight the following trends for the quarter:

	1Q25	4Q24	1Q24	Q/Q	Y/Y
Income Statement (\$B)					
Net Interest Income					
All CCAR Firms	110.4	110.2	105.6	0.2%	4.5%
G-SIBs	70.3	70.1	68.0	0.3%	3.4%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	26.0	26.0	24.3	0.0%	7.0%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	14.0	14.1	13.3	-0.5%	5.2%
Non-Interest Income					
All CCAR Firms	114.6	106.6	106.4	7.4%	7.7%
G-SIBs	85.0	76.3	78.1	11.3%	8.8%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	23.9	24.4	22.5	-2.0%	6.2%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	5.7	6.0	5.9	-3.8%	-2.2%
Total Revenue					
All CCAR Firms	225.0	216.9	212.0	3.7%	6.1%
G-SIBs	155.3	146.4	146.1	6.1%	6.3%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	49.9	50.4	46.8	-1.0%	6.6%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	19.7	20.0	19.2	-1.5%	3.0%
Operating Expenses					
All CCAR Firms	139.8	137.1	136.5	2.0%	2.4%
G-SIBs	95.6	91.9	93.6	4.0%	2.1%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	32.1	33.1	30.2	-3.1%	6.1%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	12.2	12.2	12.7	0.4%	-3.7%
Loan Loss Provision					
All CCAR Firms	15.9	15.9	14.9	-0.1%	6.9%
G-SIBs	8.9	8.3	6.9	7.5%	29.4%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	4.7	5.1	5.2	-7.6%	-8.3%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	2.3	2.5	2.8	-9.8%	-20.2%
Net Income Available to Common					
All CCAR Firms	53.9	50.1	46.2	7.6%	16.6%
G-SIBs	40.2	36.8	35.0	9.2%	14.7%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	9.8	9.2	8.4	7.1%	17.1%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	3.9	4.1	2.8	-5.9%	39.7%

Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

	1Q25	4Q24	1Q24	Q/Q	Y/Y
Balance Sheet (\$T, unless indicated)					
Assets					
Cash & Cash Equivalents*					
All CCAR Firms	2.6	2.7	3.1	-2.0%	-14.1%
G-SIBs	2.0	2.1	2.4	-3.6%	-15.5%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	0.4	0.4	0.4	-0.7%	-14.0%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	0.2	0.2	0.2	14.0%	2.0%
Loans					
All CCAR Firms	7.6	7.5	7.3	1.3%	3.1%
G-SIBs	5.0	4.9	4.8	2.0%	4.1%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.3%	2.7%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	1.0	1.0	1.0	-0.5%	-1.3%
Allowance for Loan Loss (\$B)					
All CCAR Firms	139.7	139.7	137.6	0.0%	1.5%
G-SIBs	77.3	76.5	74.8	1.0%	3.4%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	38.8	39.1	37.8	-0.8%	2.4%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	23.6	24.1	25.0	-2.0%	-5.7%
Net Loans					
All CCAR Firms	7.4	7.3	7.2	1.3%	3.1%
G-SIBs	4.9	4.8	4.7	2.0%	4.1%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.3%	2.7%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	1.0	1.0	1.0	-0.5%	-1.2%
Total Assets					
All CCAR Firms	20.8	19.9	20.1	4.6%	3.3%
G-SIBs	16.1	15.2	15.5	5.9%	4.2%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	3.0	3.0	3.0	-0.2%	0.0%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5%	1.2%
Liabilities					
Deposits					
All CCAR Firms	12.6	12.3	12.4	2.3%	1.5%
G-SIBs	9.1	8.8	8.9	3.0%	1.8%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.1%	0.6%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.7%	1.3%
Total Liabilities					
All CCAR Firms	19.0	18.1	18.4	4.9%	3.2%
G-SIBs	14.8	13.9	14.2	6.3%	4.3%
Non G-SIBs, Assets >\$250B	2.7	2.7	2.7	-0.5%	-1.1%
Non G-SIBs, Assets \$100B-\$250B	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4%	0.2%

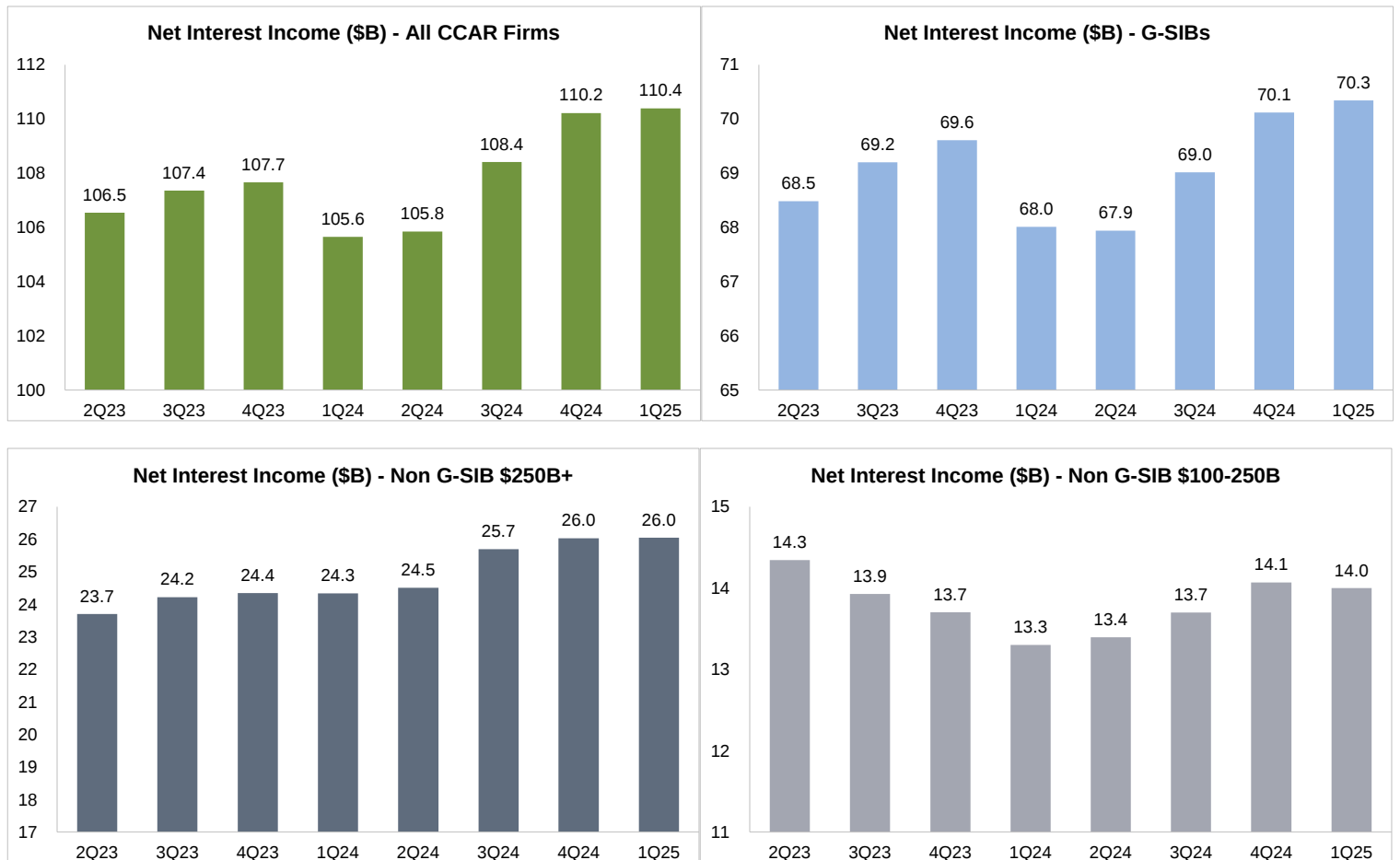
Note: Cash & cash equivalents = cash and due from banks plus deposits at banks; a small portion of this is restricted cash. Net loans = loans - allowance for loan loss.

Income Statement Metrics

In this section, we highlight key income statement metrics, from revenue to expenses and then profitability.

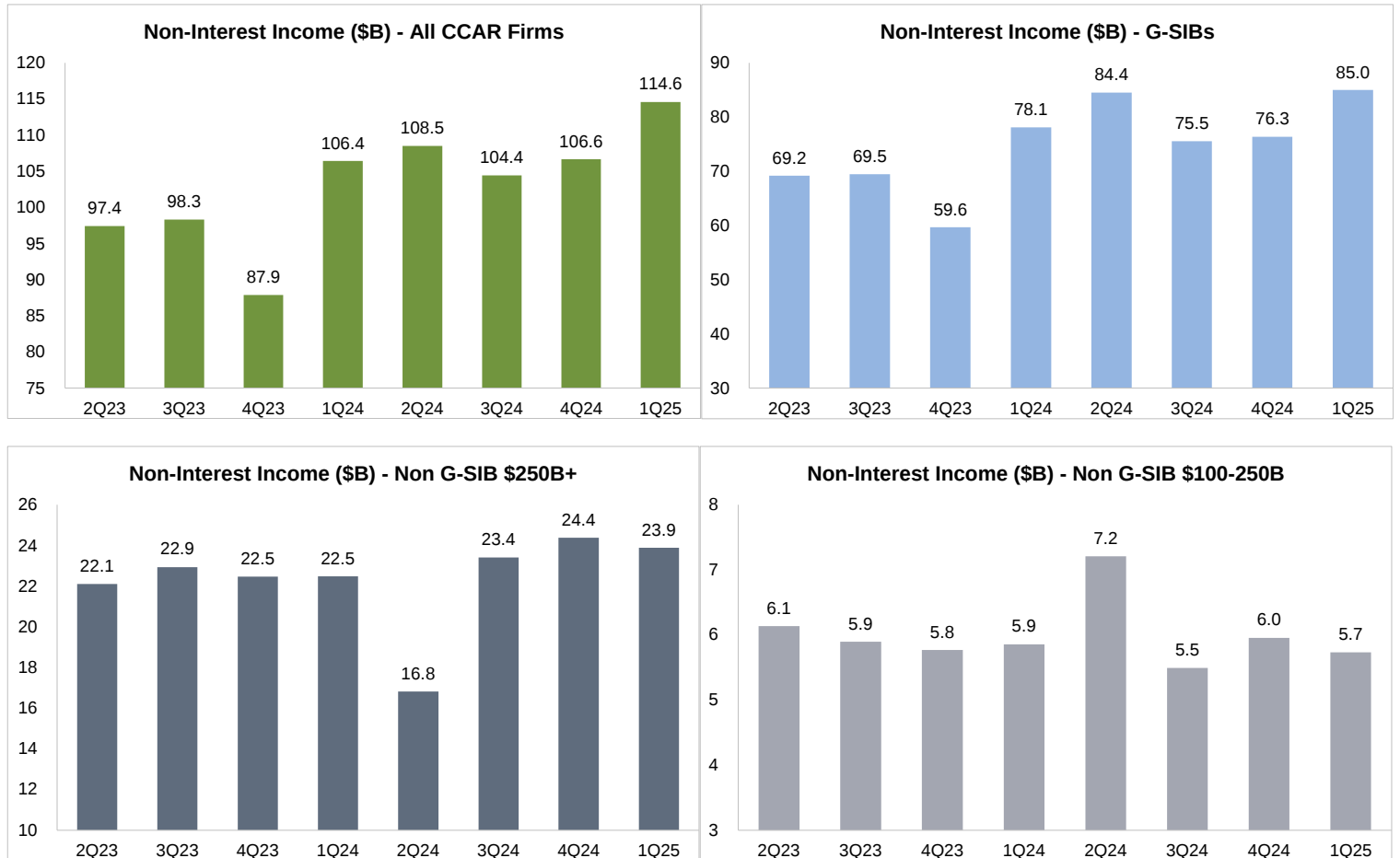
Review of Quarterly Statistics

Net Interest Income



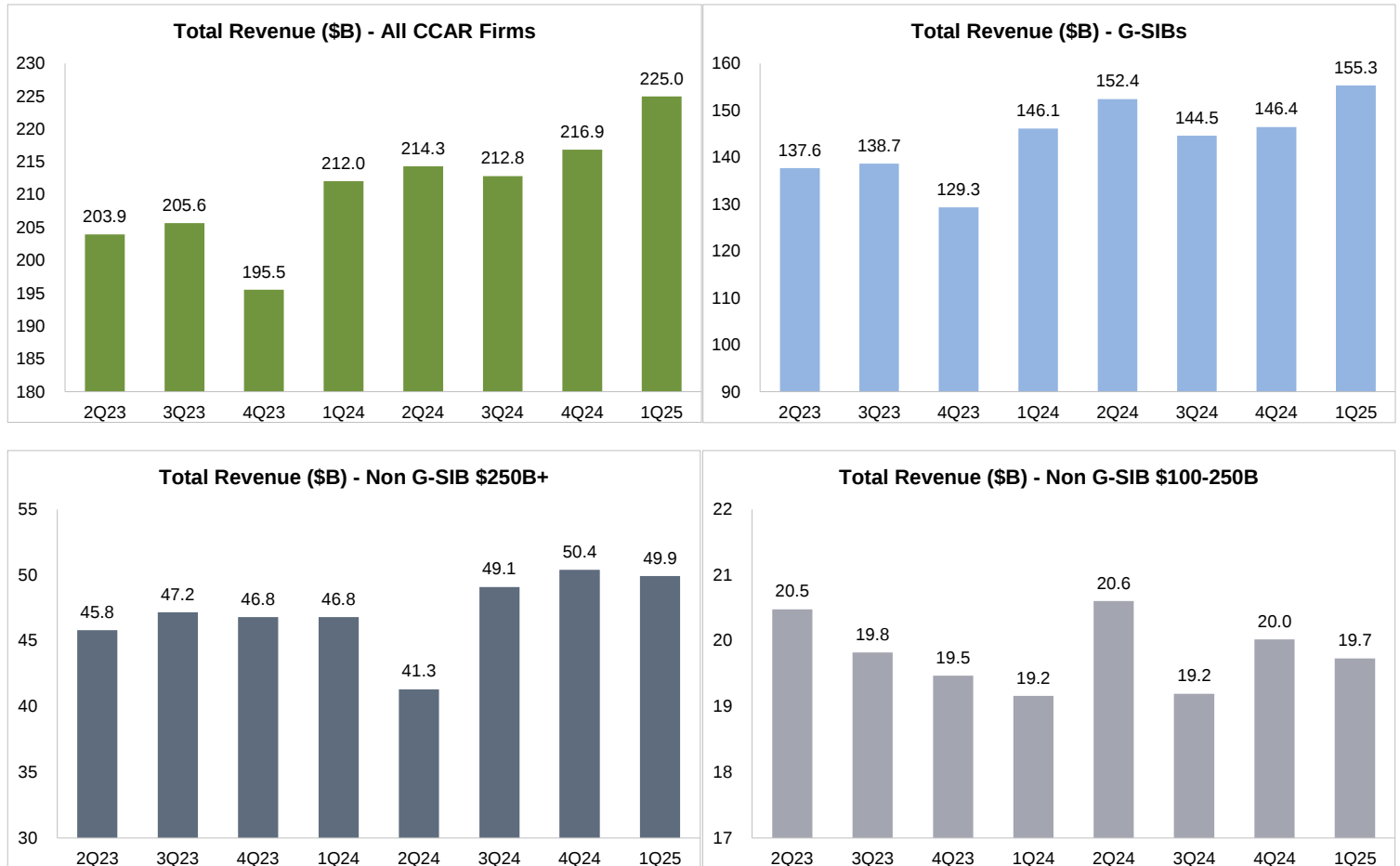
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Non-Interest Income



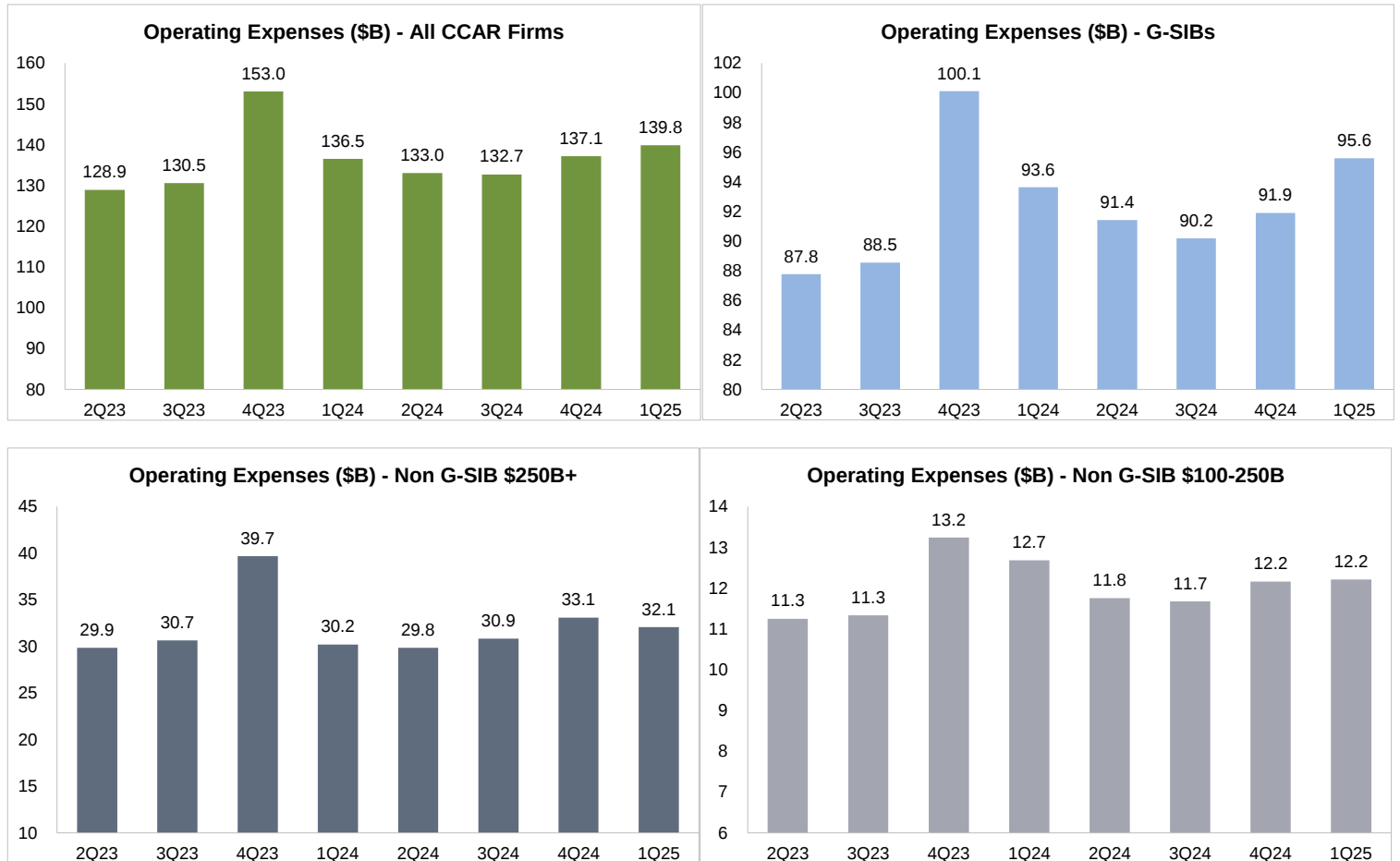
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Total Revenue



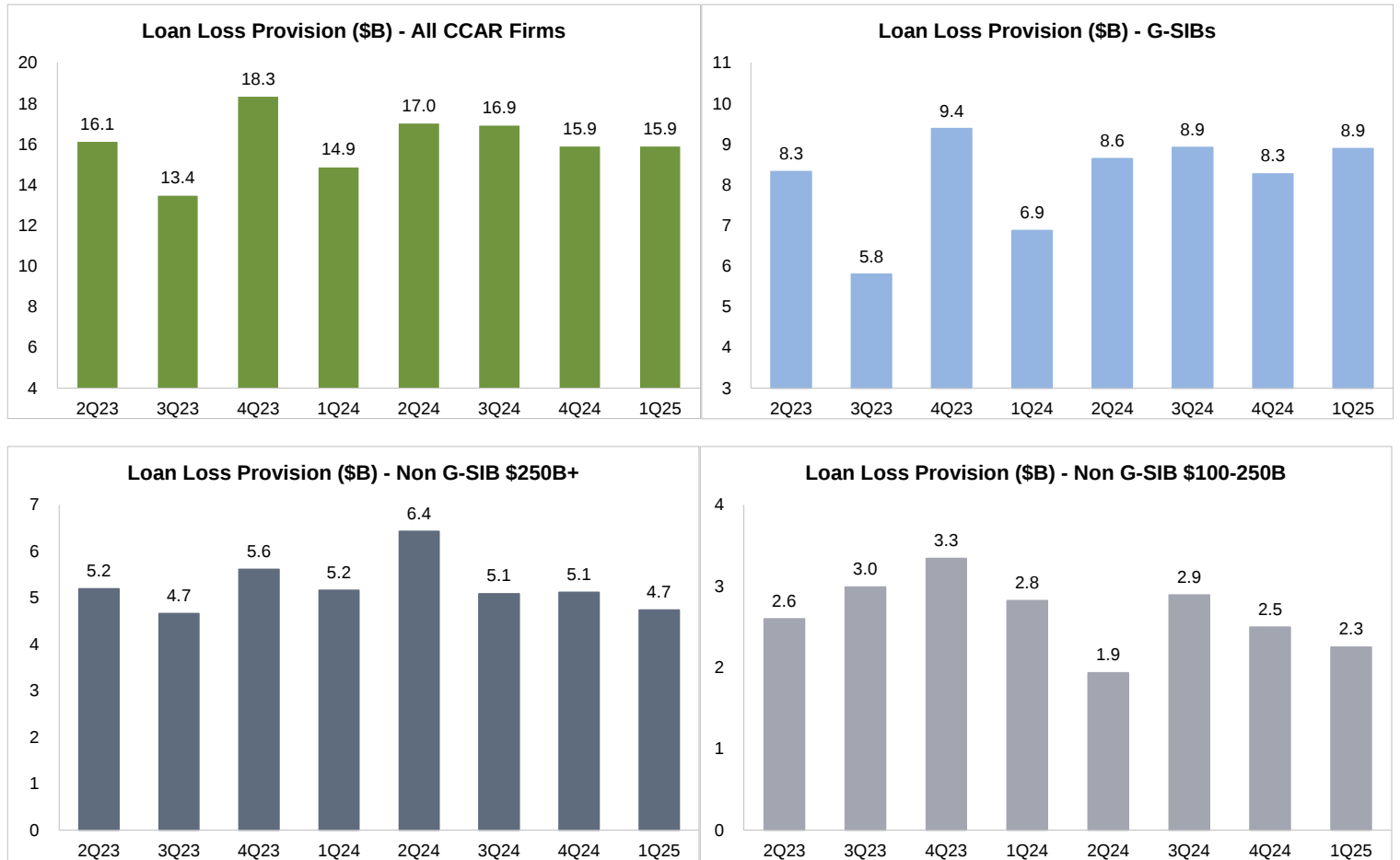
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Operating Expenses



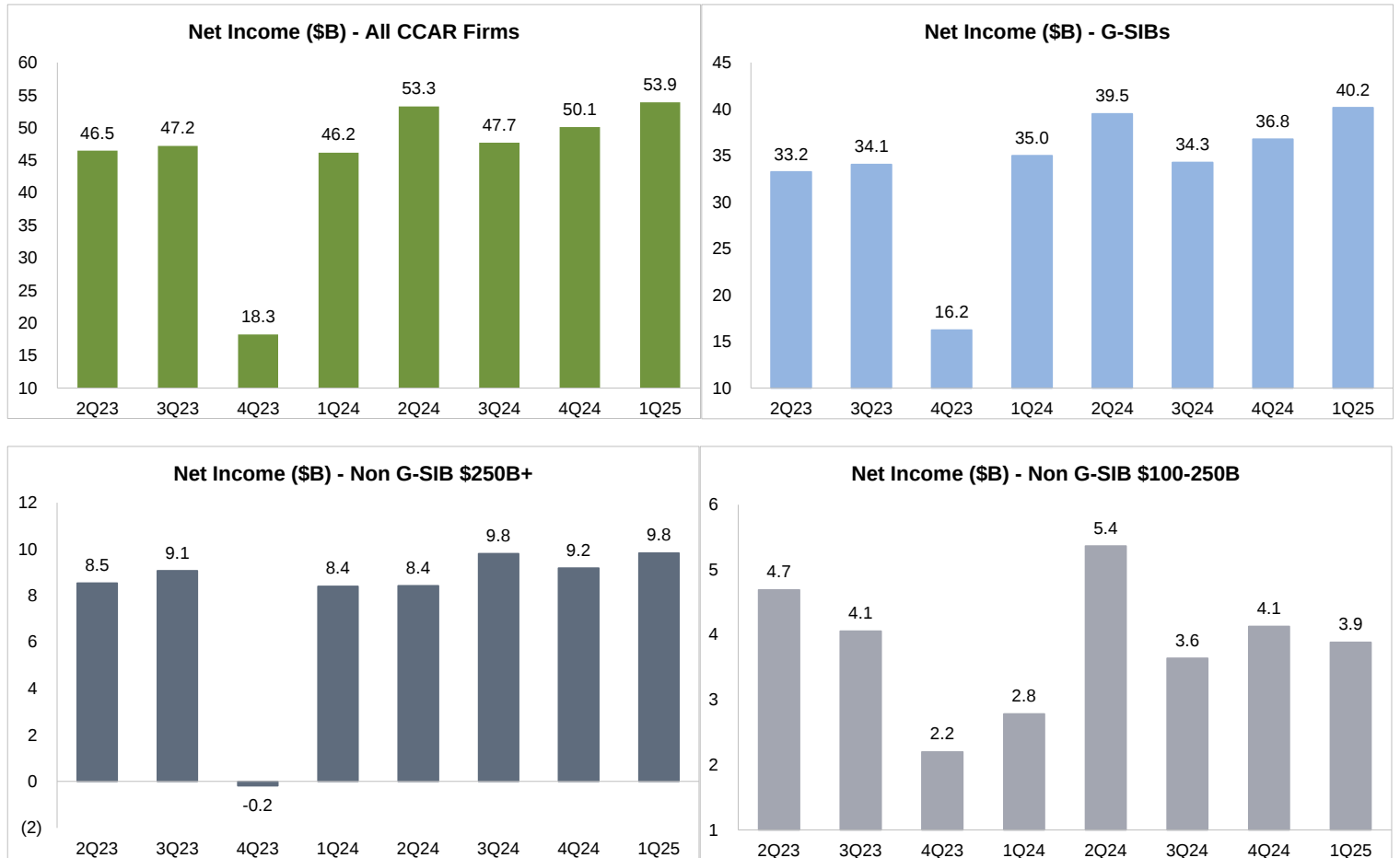
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Loan Loss Provision



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Net Income Available to Common

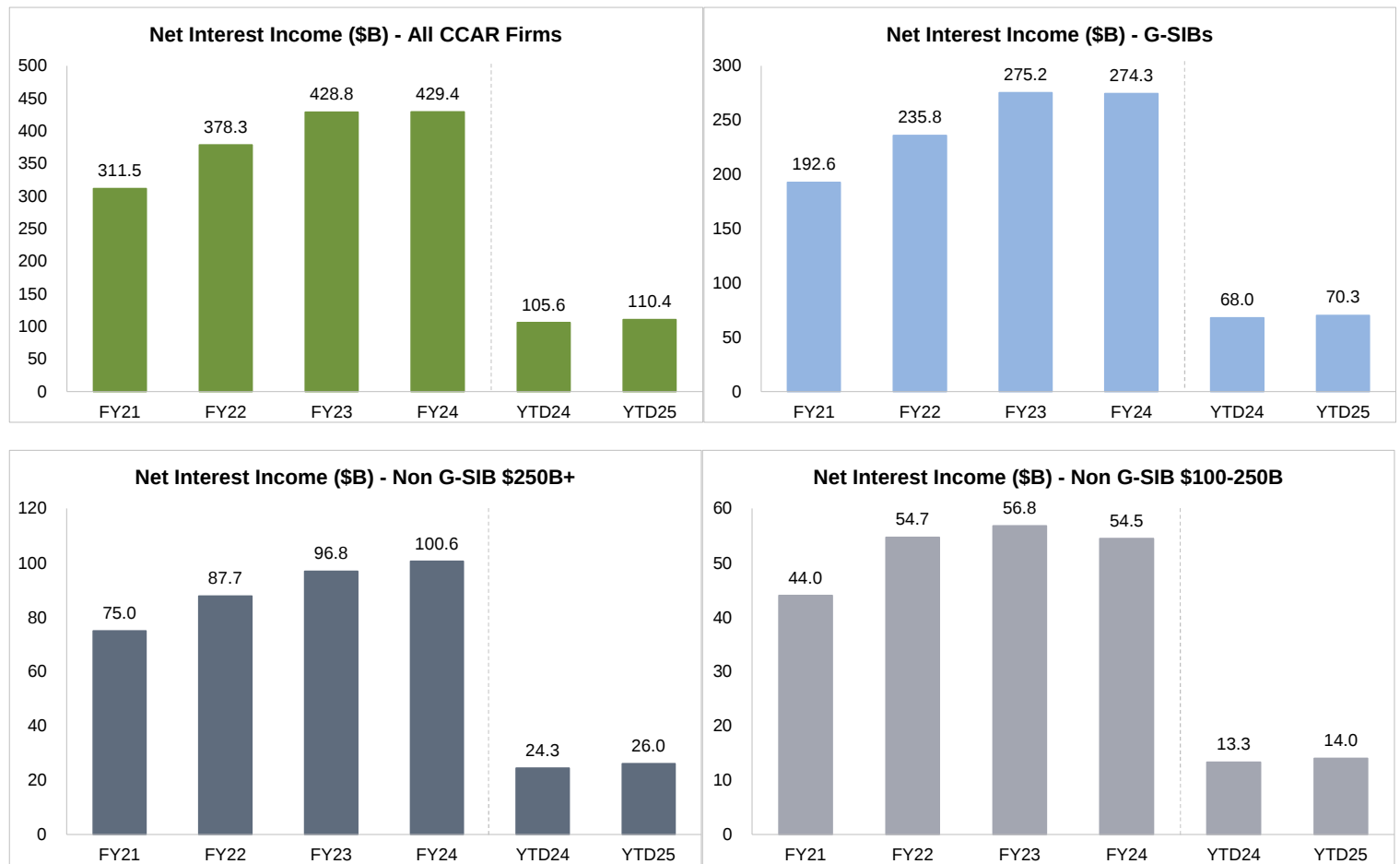


Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Net Income = net income available to common shareholders

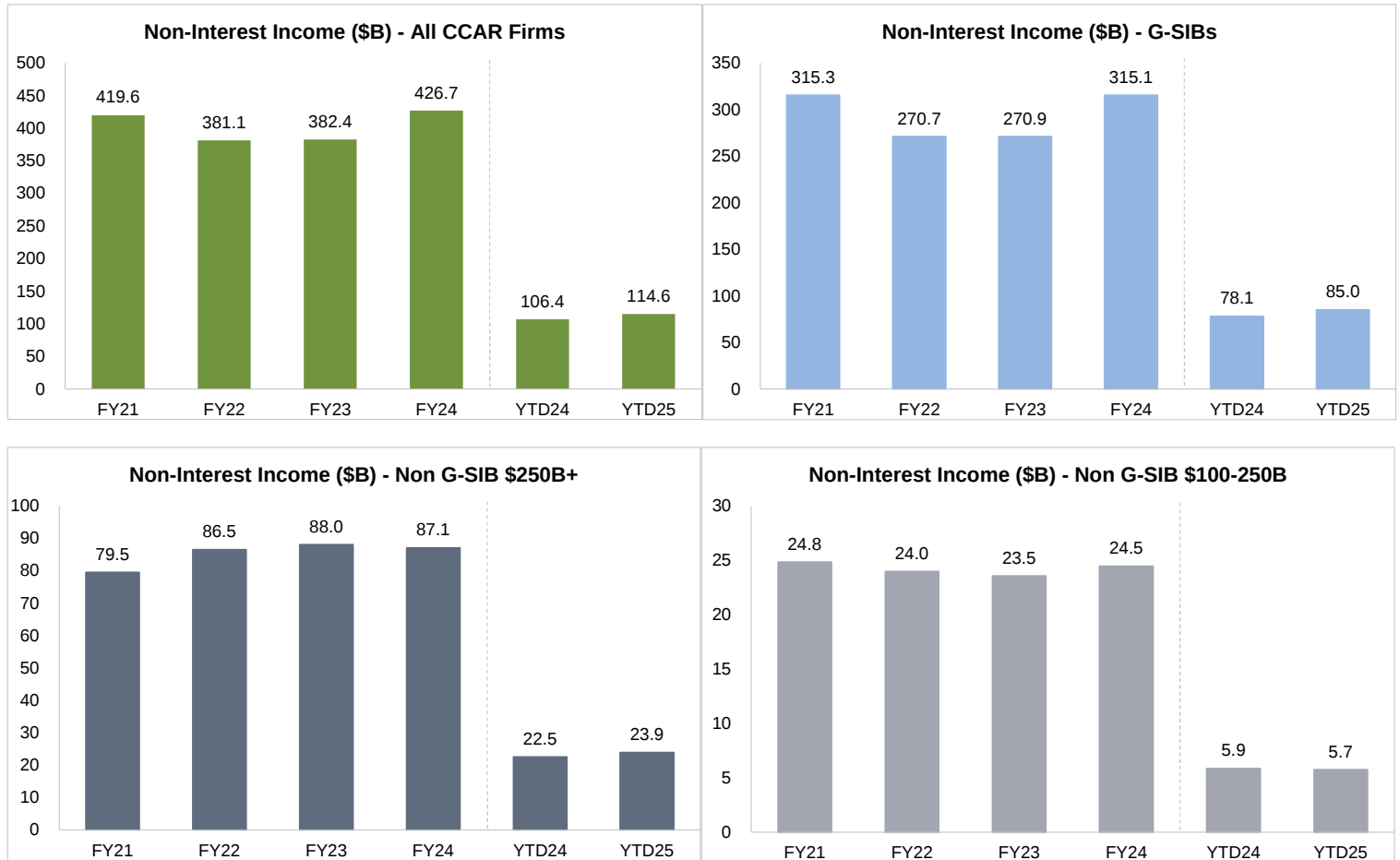
Annual Statistics Update

Net Interest Income



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Non-Interest Income



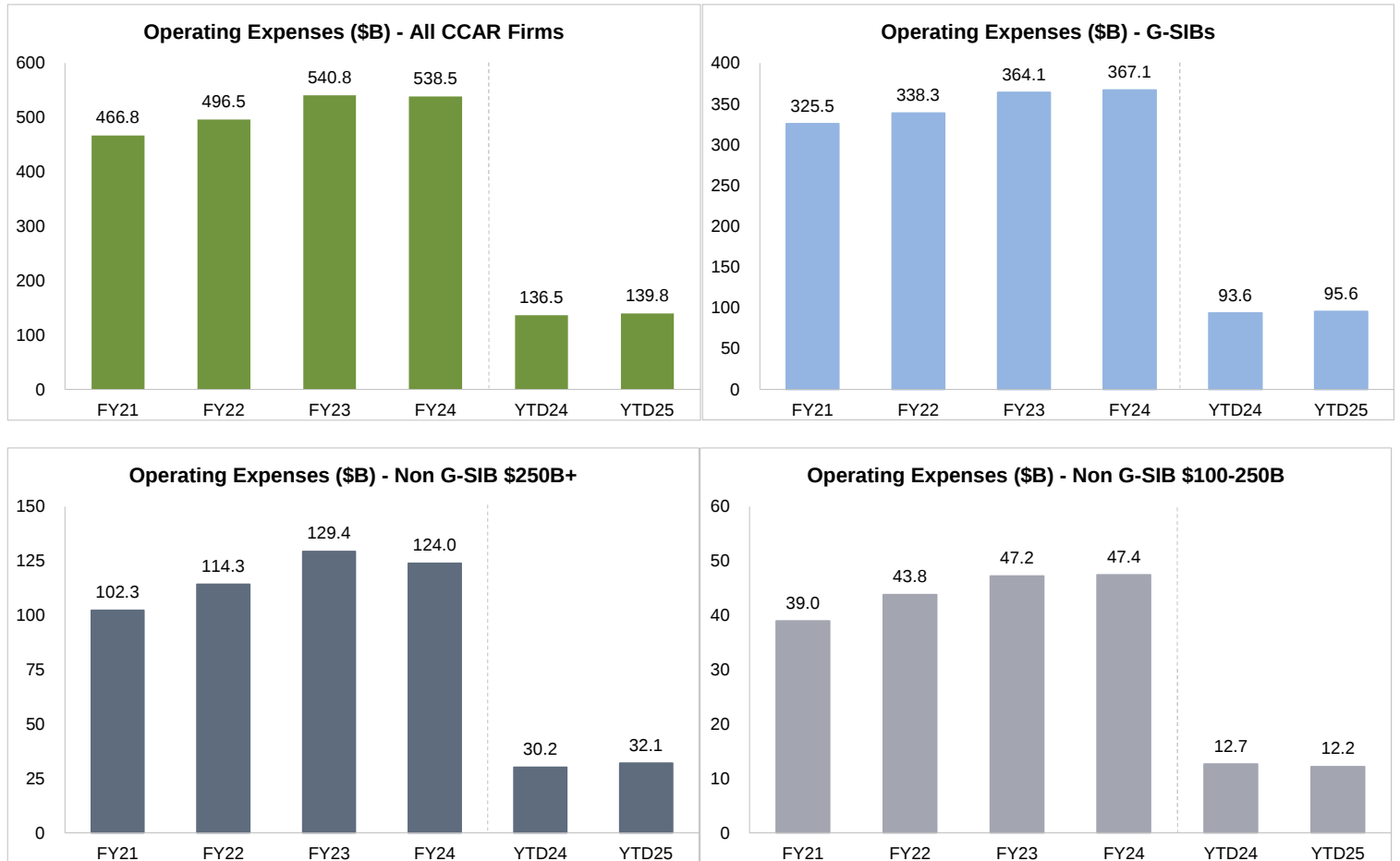
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Total Revenue



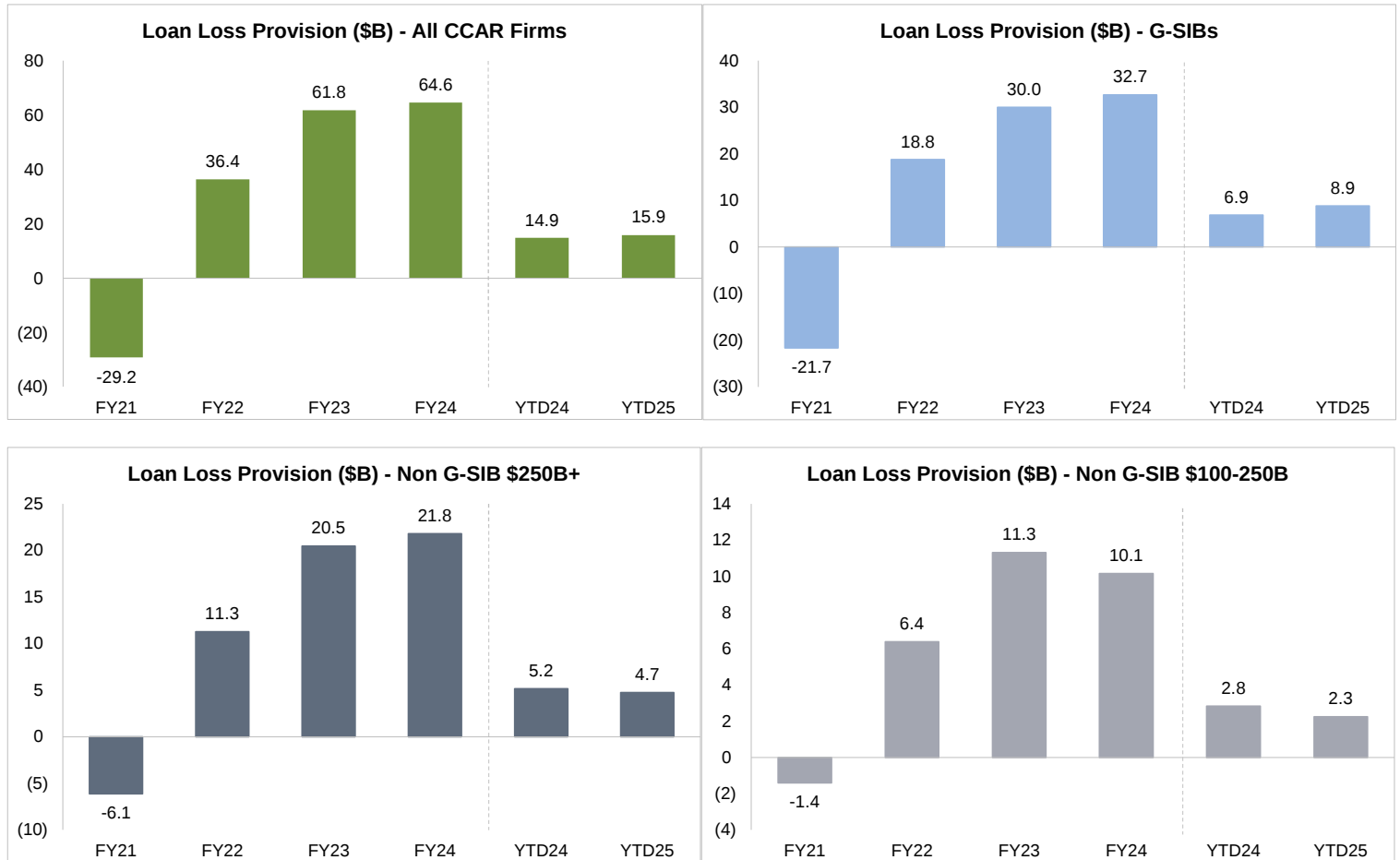
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Operating Expenses



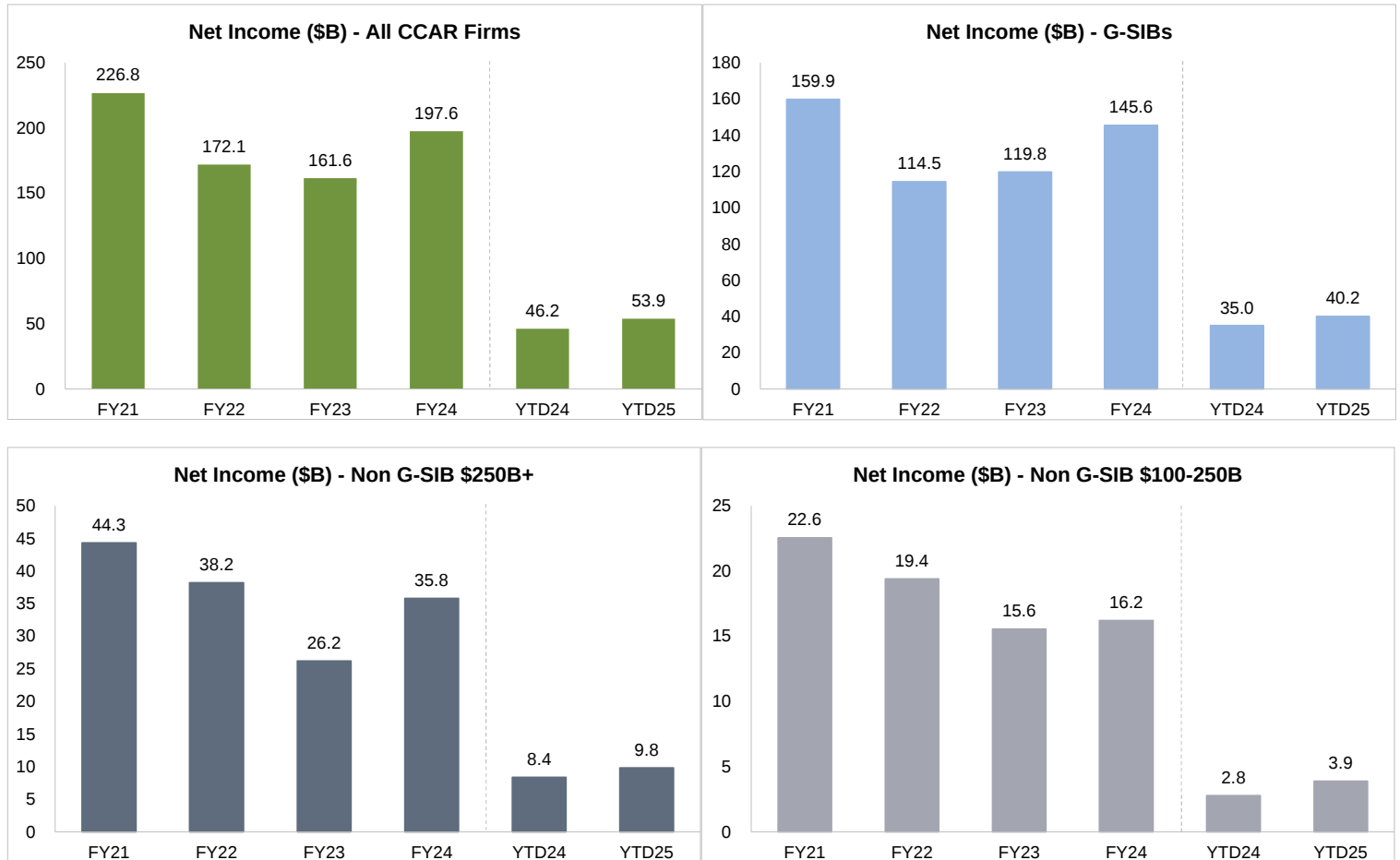
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Loan Loss Provision



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Net Income Available to Common



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Net Income = net income available to common shareholders

Balance Sheet Metrics

In this section, we highlight key balance sheet metrics, from both the asset and liability side. We also look at select ratios indicative of balance sheet health as compared to 2009 (ex: net charge-offs), showing the improved strength of the system since the global financial crisis.

Cash



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

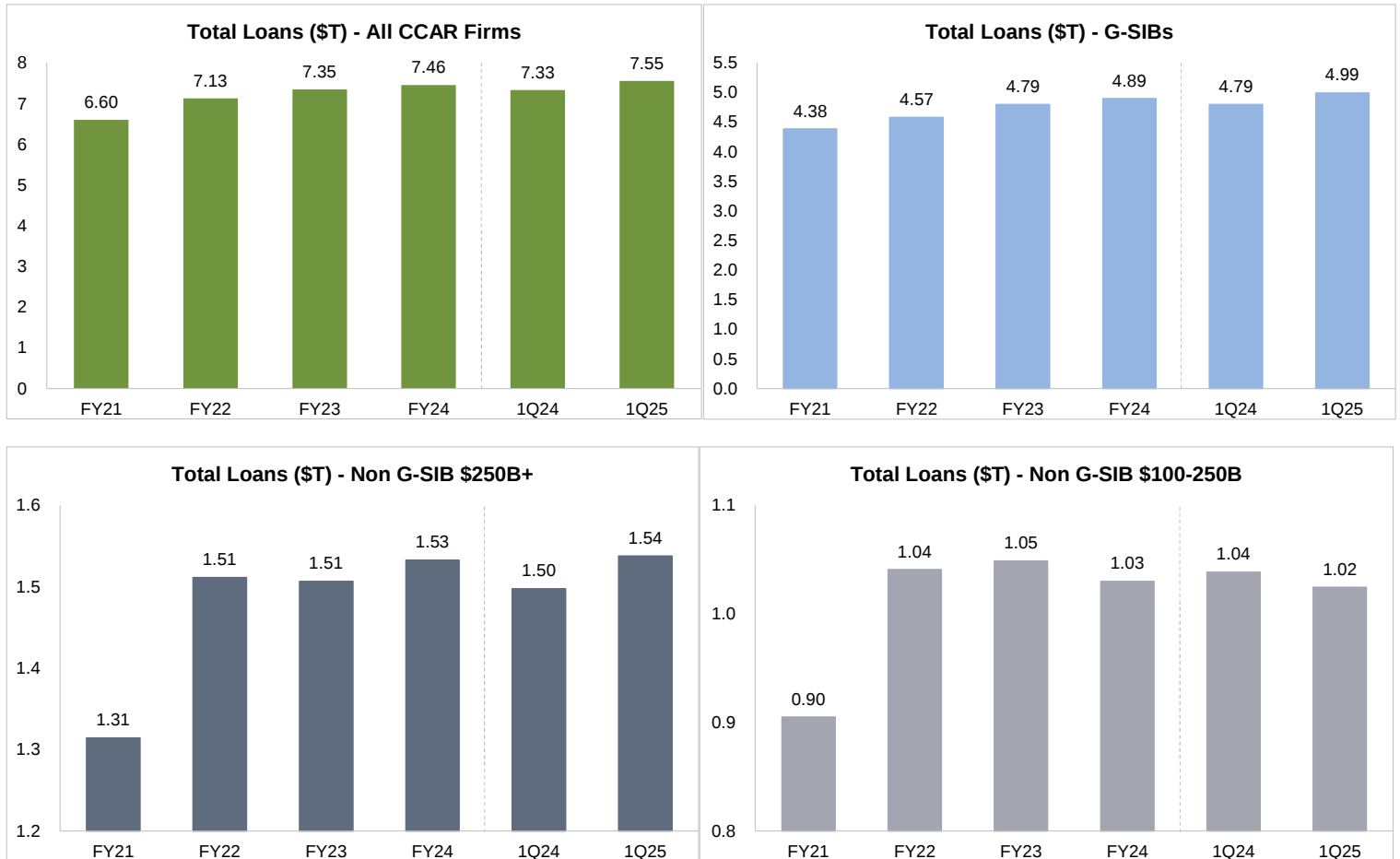
Cash & Cash Equivalents



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

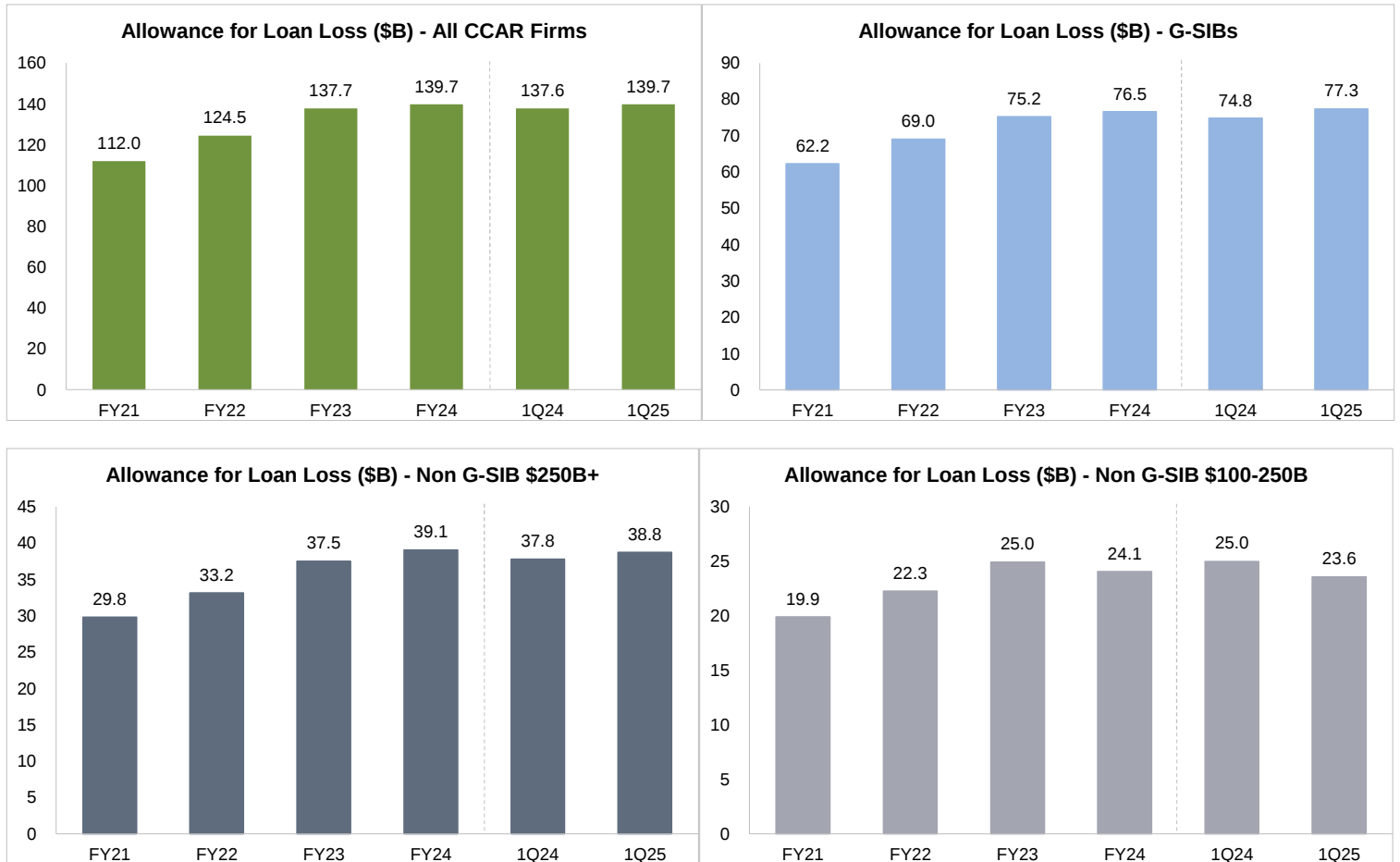
Note: Cash & cash equivalents = cash and due from banks plus deposits at banks; a small portion of this is restricted cash estimates

Total Loans



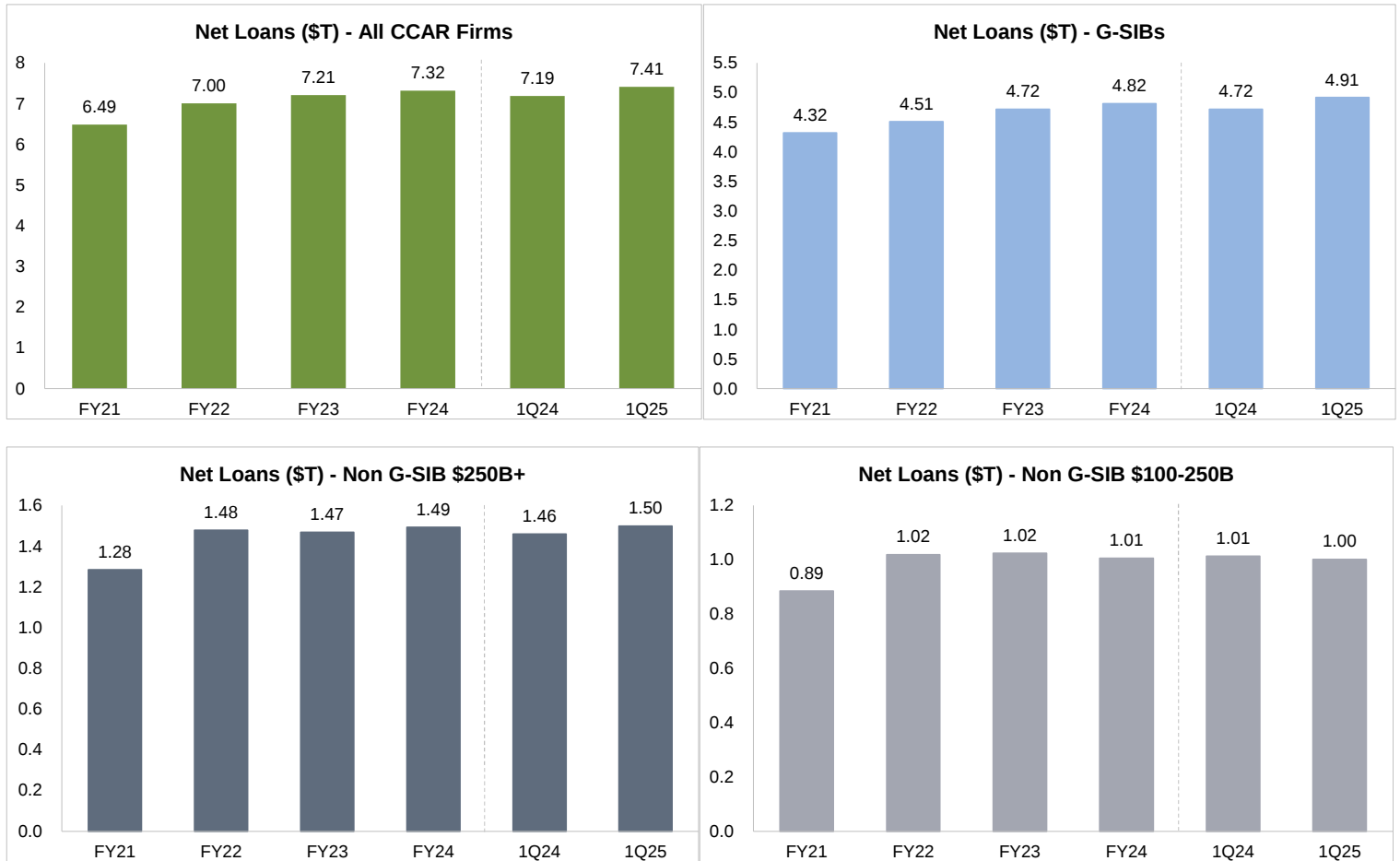
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Allowance for Loan Loss



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Net Loans



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

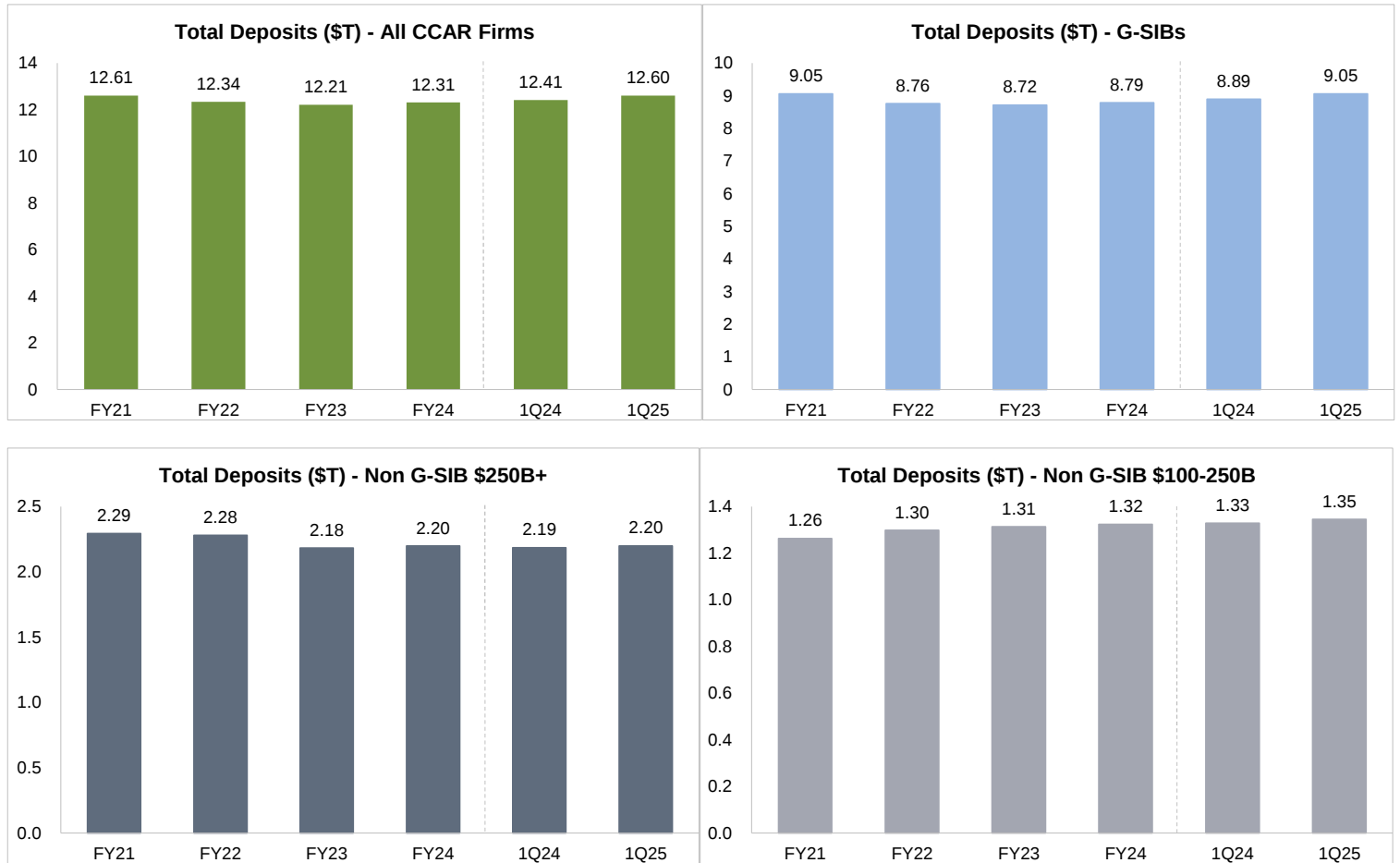
Note: Net loans = loans - allowance for loan loss

Total Assets



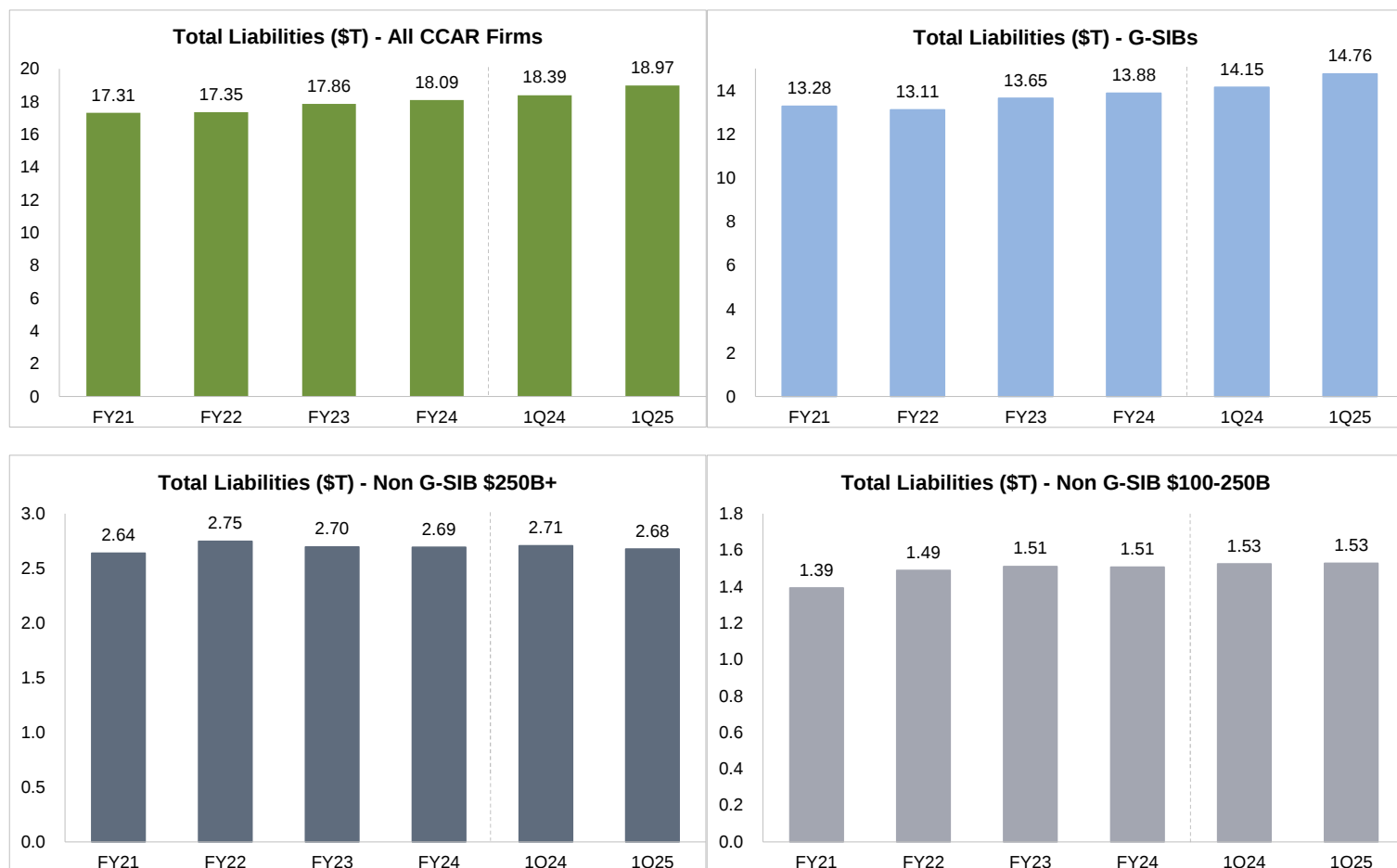
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Total Deposits



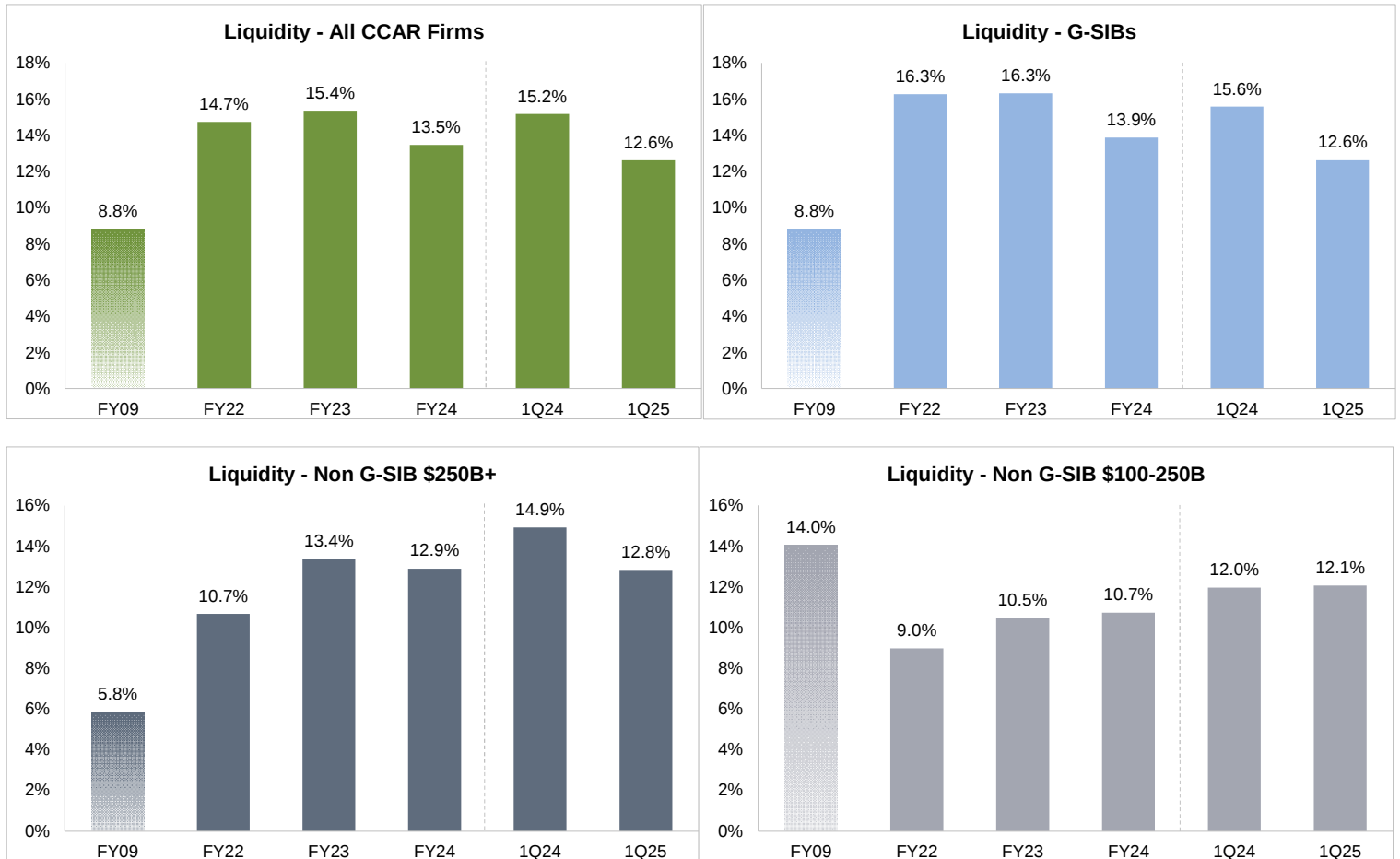
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Total Liabilities



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

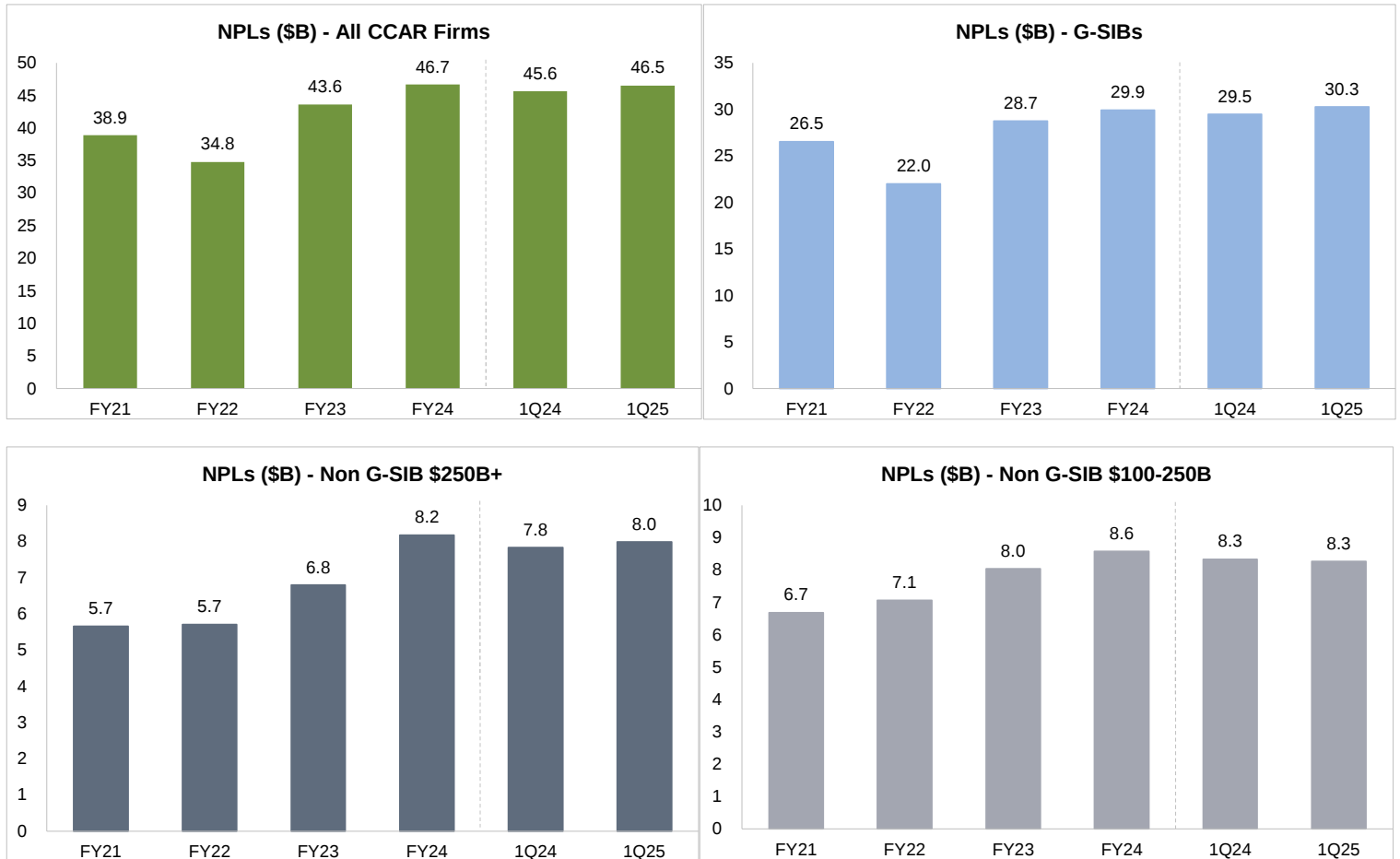
Liquidity*



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

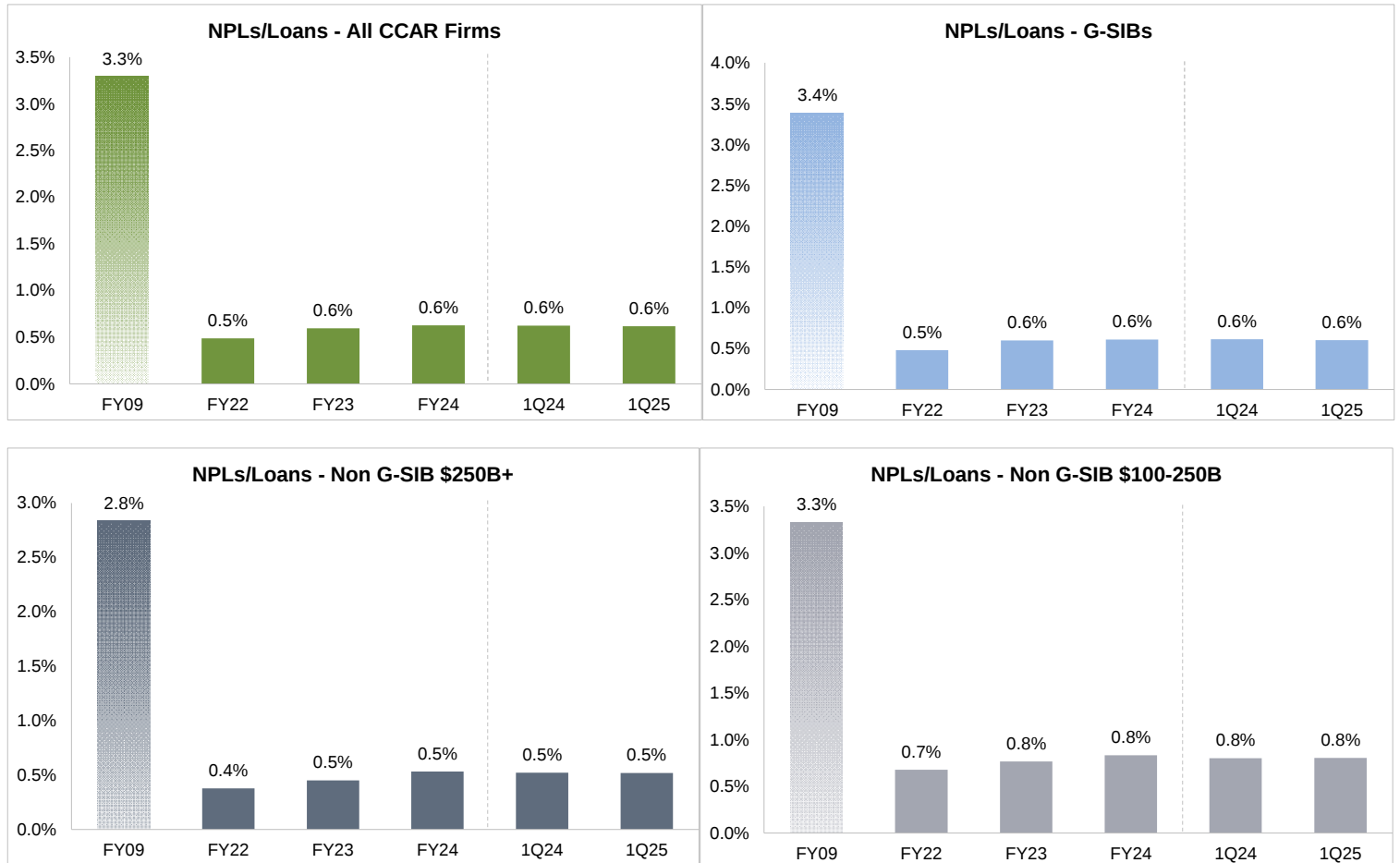
Note: Liquidity = (cash + deposits at banks) / total assets; decreases = denominator expanding faster than numerator

Non-Performing Loans (NPL)



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

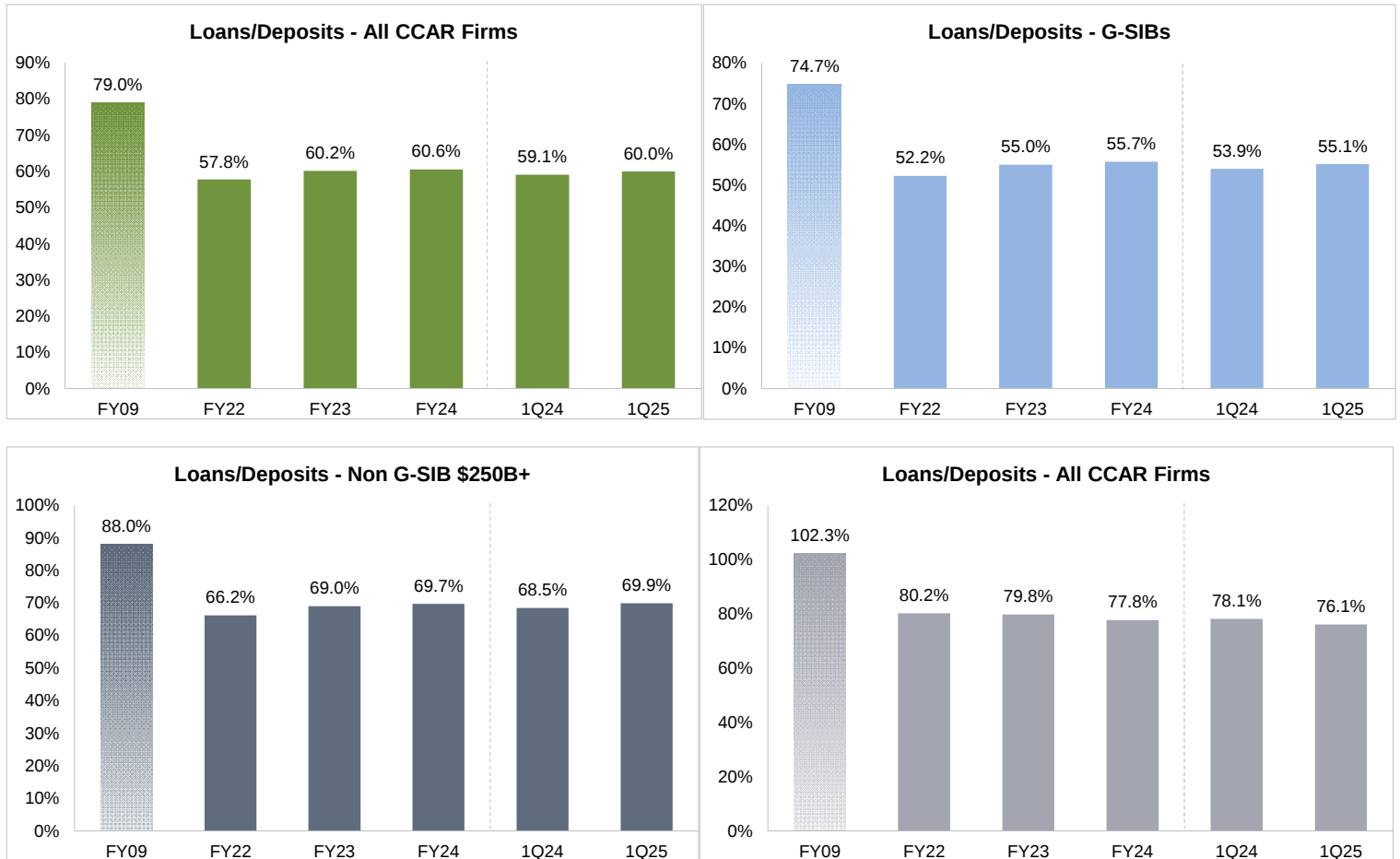
NPLs/Loans



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

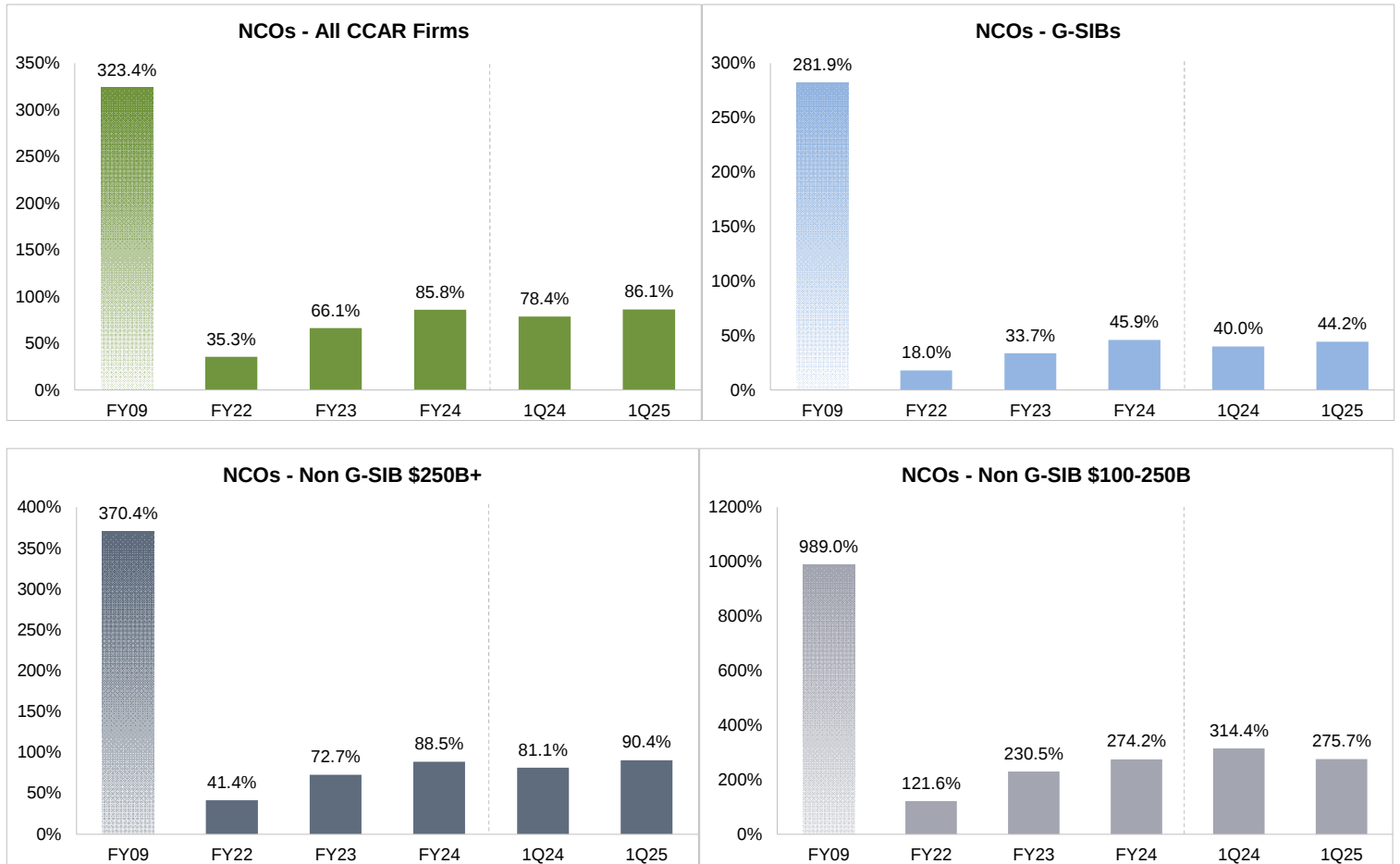
Note: NPL = non-performing loans; NPL/total loans

Loans/Deposits



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Net Charge-Offs (NCO)

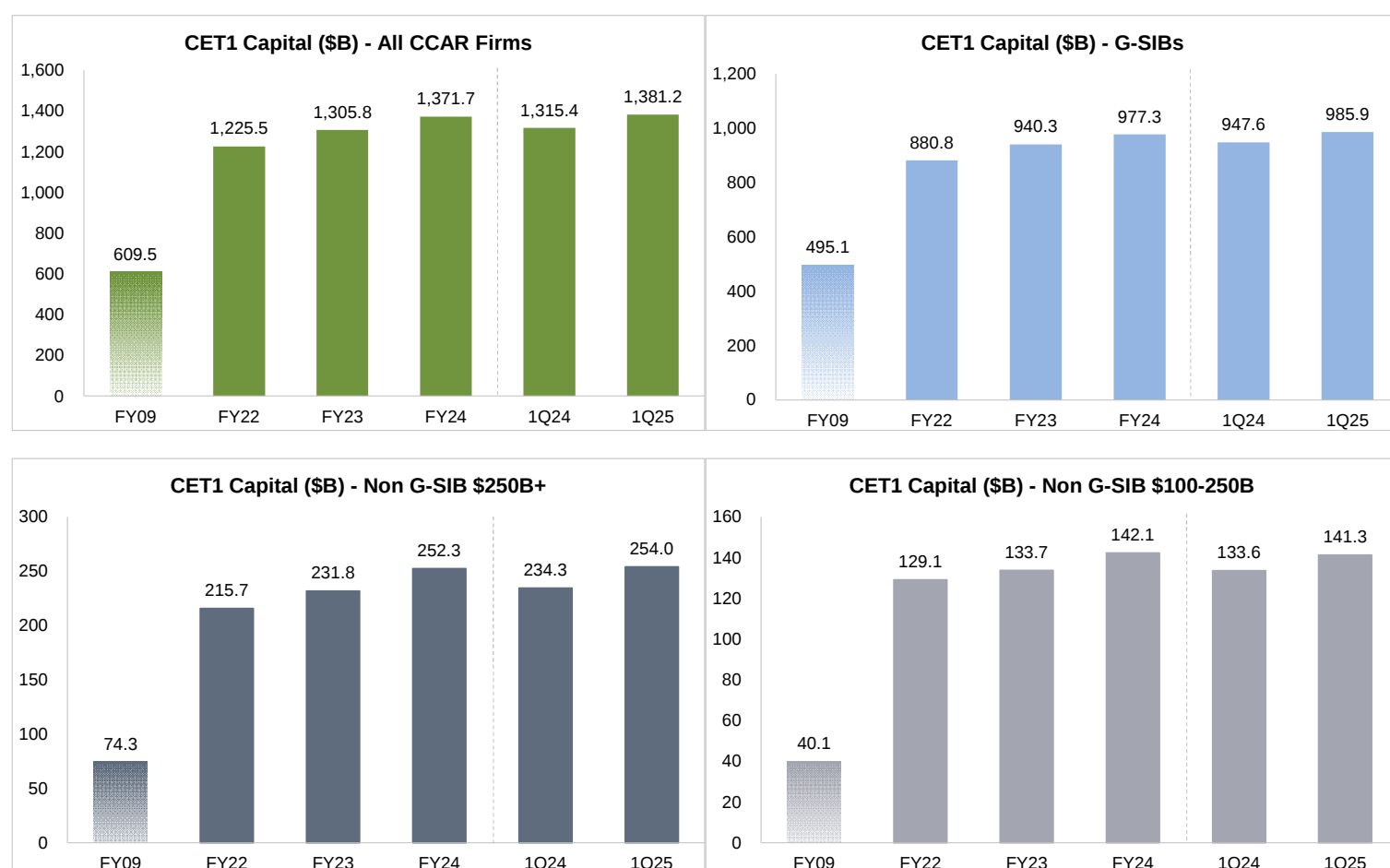


Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Regulatory Ratios

Non G-SIBs are held to a 7% minimum Basel III CET1 requirement. The G-SIBs are held to various levels of an additional buffer based on BIS methodology (please see the Appendix). We compare the average ratios for all CCAR firms and non G-SIBs to the maximum G-SIB requirements, inclusive of the highest buffers. This emphasizes the excess capital and liquidity held by financial institutions of all sizes. In general, there has been substantial growth in regulatory ratios across all categories of banks.

Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) Capital Levels

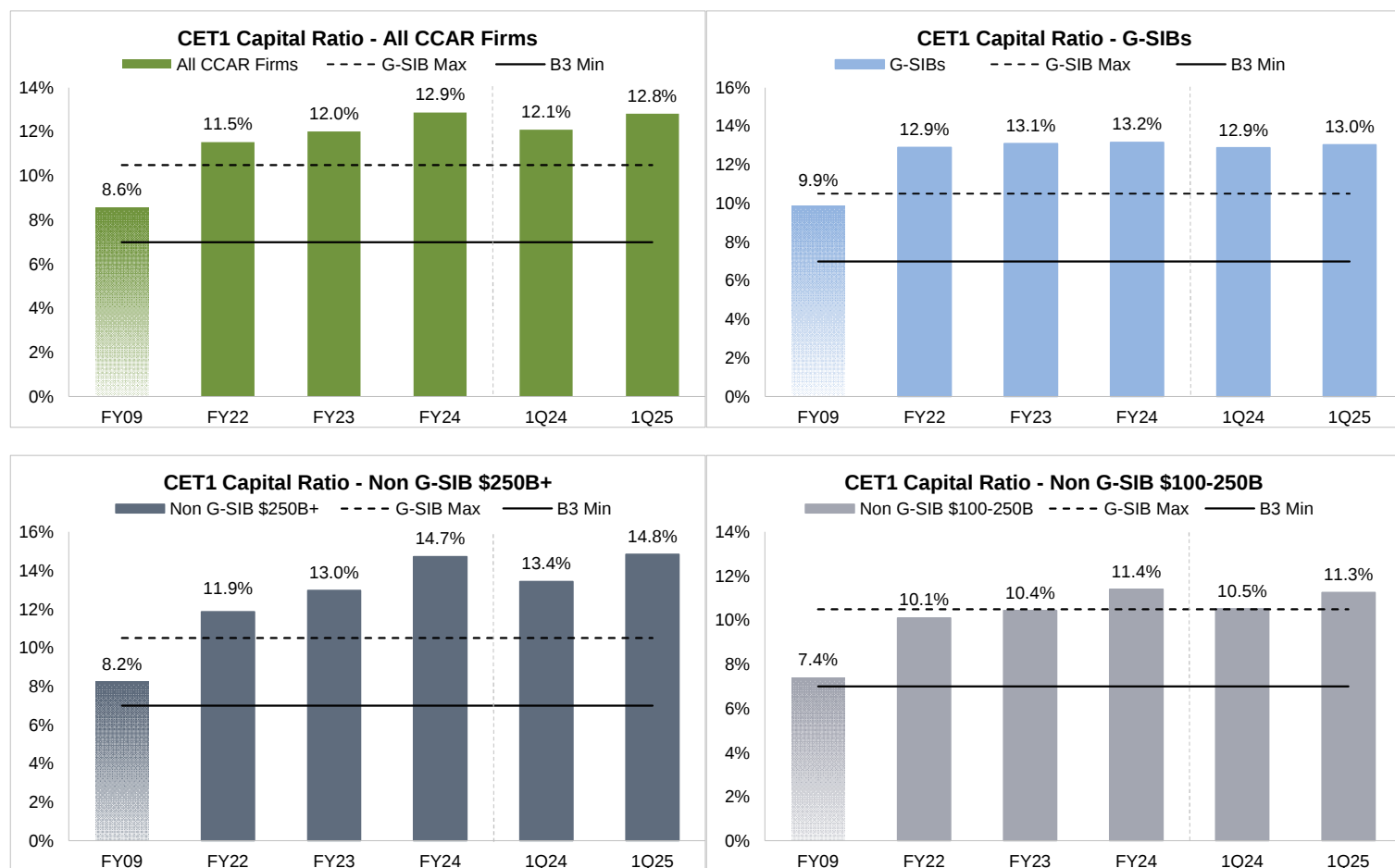


Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Capital levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws

CET1 Capital Ratios

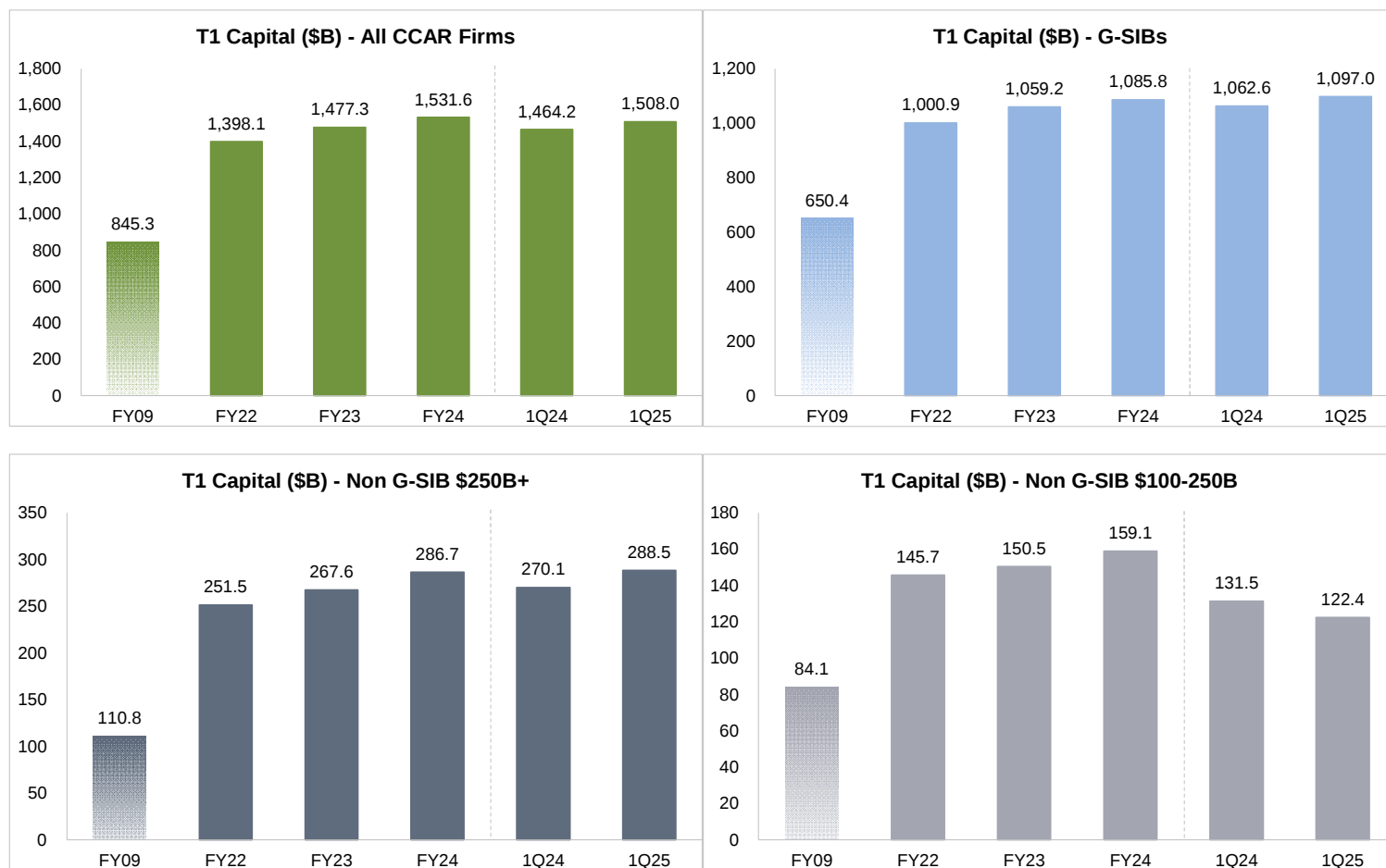
Currently, the maximum CET1 ratio inclusive of the highest surcharge would be 9.5% (no G-SIBs are currently in bucket 5). Yet, all G-SIBs are above the full maximum level of 10.5%.



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Capital levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws. Basel III minimum = 7.0%

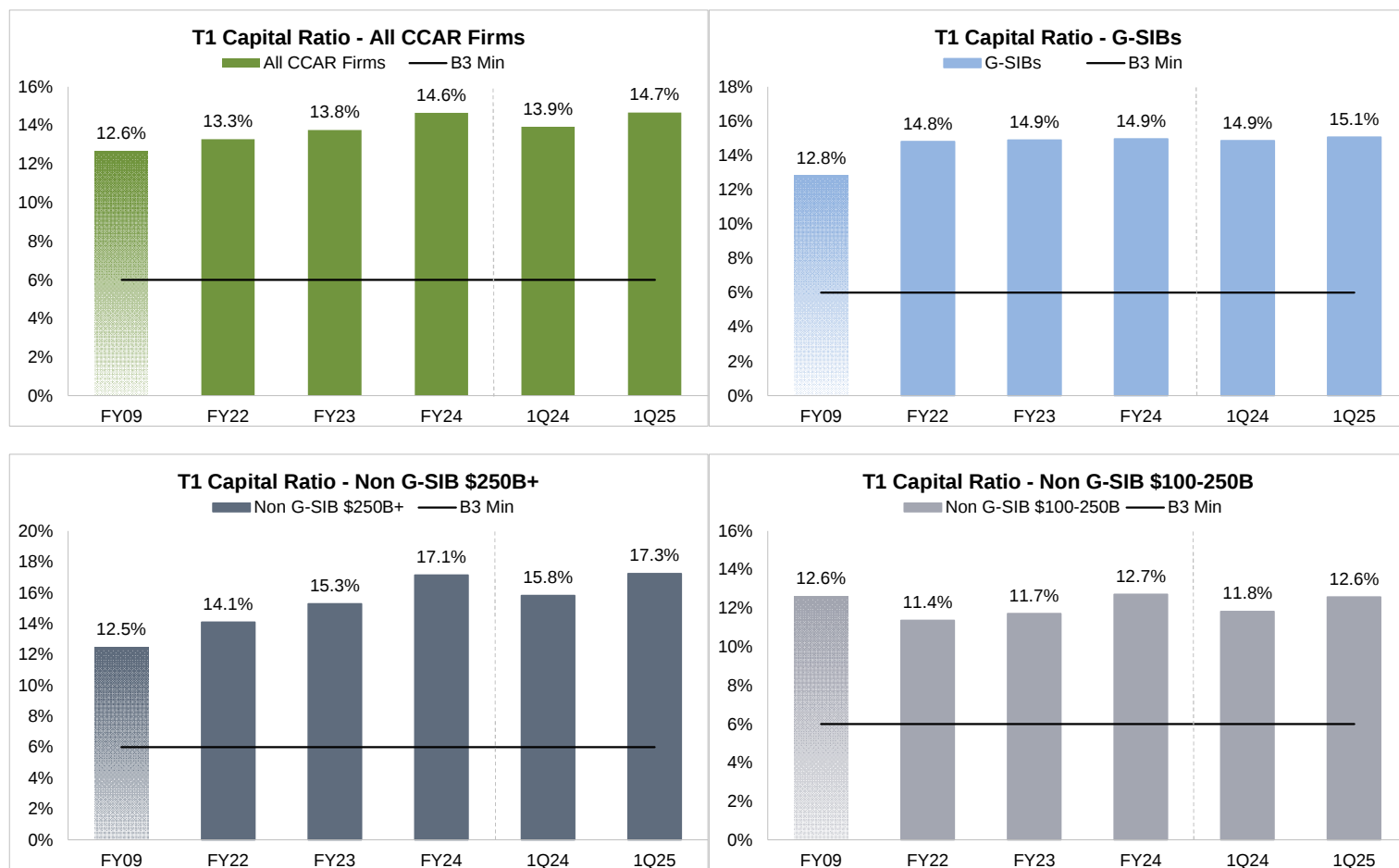
Tier 1 (T1) Capital Levels



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Capital levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws

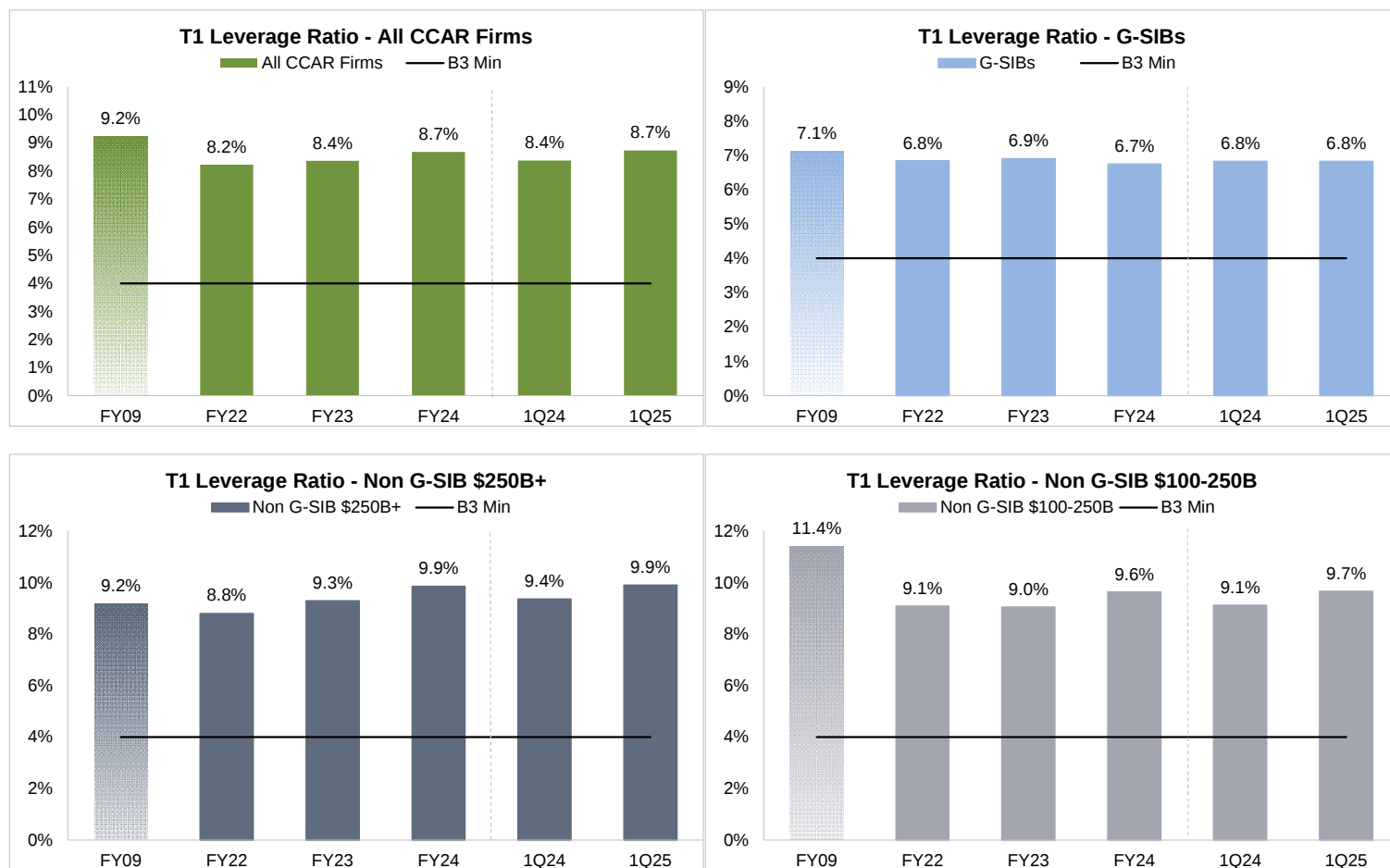
Tier 1 (T1) Capital Ratios



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Capital levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws. Basel III minimum = 6.0%

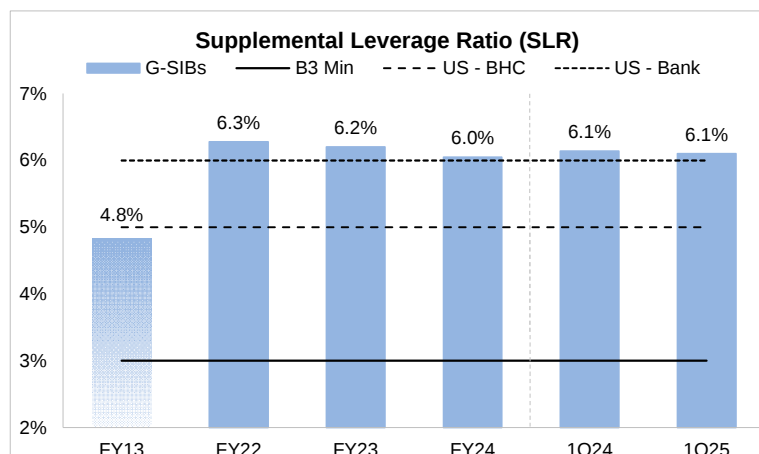
Tier 1 (T1) Leverage Ratios



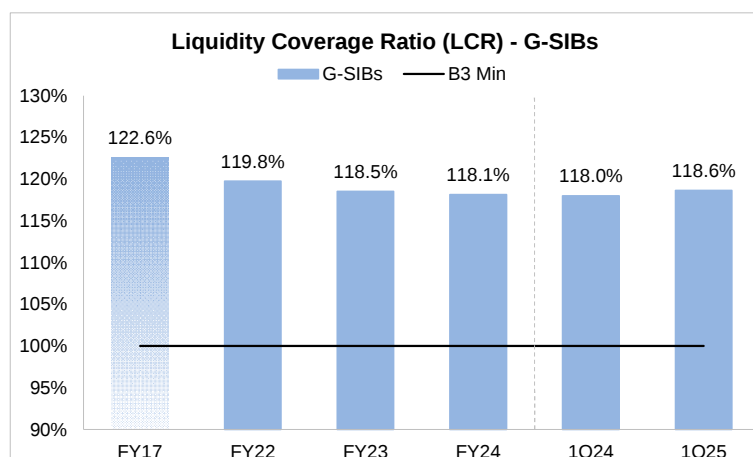
Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws. Basel III minimum = 4.0%

Supplementary Leverage Ratio (SLR)



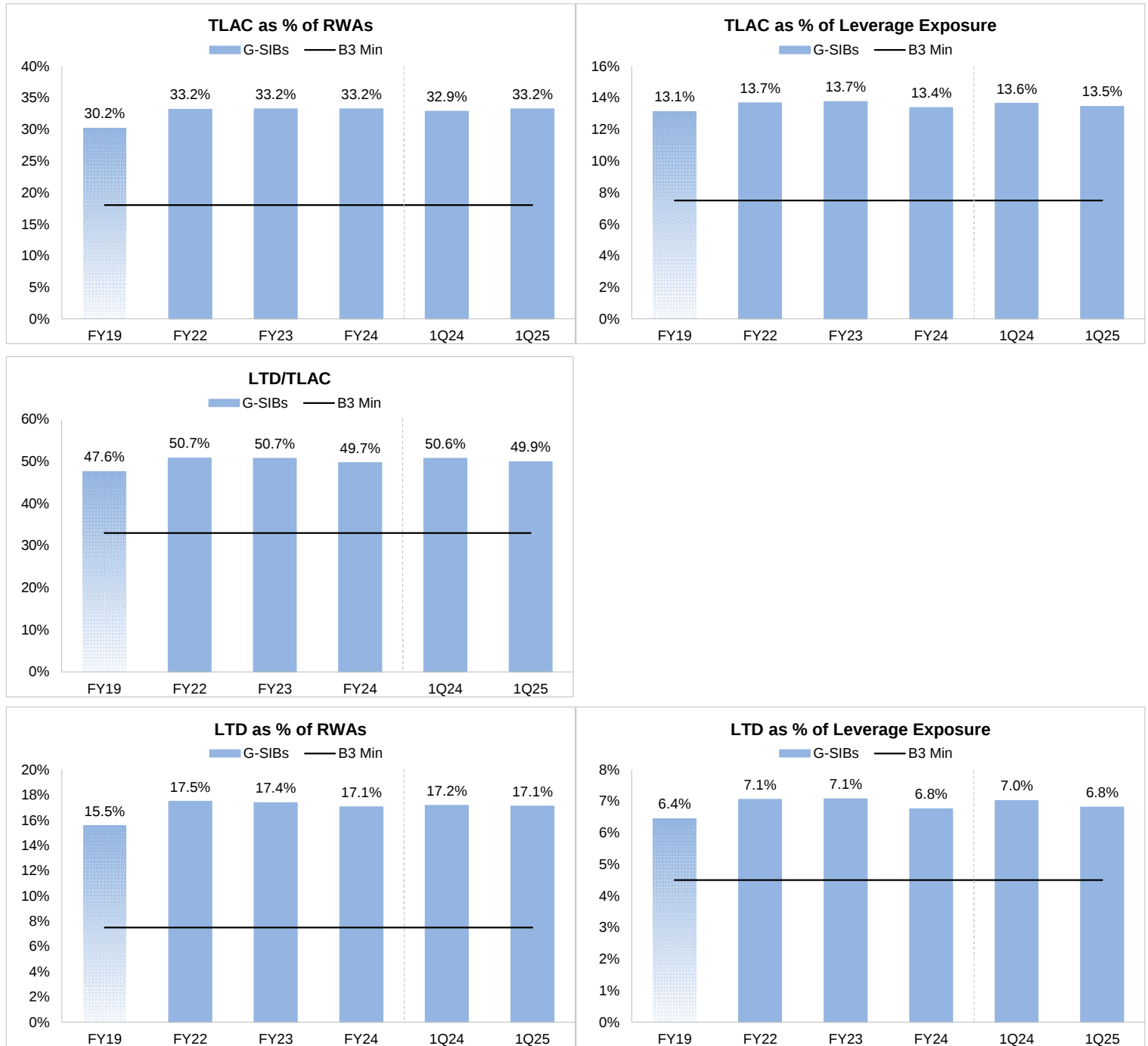
Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws. SLR: requirements are for G-SIBs only; Basel III minimum = 3.0%, U.S. regulatory minimums = 5.0% at the bank holding company and 6.0% at the bank. LCR: Basel III minimum = 100%; lack of available data in Bloomberg at the time of this report to populate other groups

Total Loss Absorbing Capital (TLAC) Ratios



Source: Bloomberg, SIFMA estimates

Note: Levels may fluctuate with changes in regulations/taxes/laws. TLAC holdings standards for loss-absorbing and recapitalization capacity in resolution for G-SIBs only. RWA = risk-weighted assets. LTD = long-term debt. Basel III minimums: TLAC/RWA = stated as around 2x capital, or 16-18%, but we use the max of 18.0%; TLAC/leverage exposure = 7.5%; LTD/TLAC = 33.0%; LTD/RWA = 7.5%; LTD/leverage exposure = 4.5%

Appendix: Methodology

When analyzing the charts in this report, please note the following:

- We analyze the 23 U.S. CCAR⁵ banks as a proxy for the entire U.S. financial system; we do not include the U.S. operations of foreign banks included in CCAR given lack of data
- We further split the banks into subgroups
 - o All 23 CCAR firms
 - o The 8 global systemically important banks (G-SIB), as identified by the Bank for International Settlements' (BIS) methodology
 - o The 6 non G-SIB firms with assets over \$250 billion
 - o The 9 non G-SIB firms with assets between \$100 and \$250 billion
- While the firms included in CCAR have changed over the years, we perform this analysis with the current group of firms
- Ratios and other data may fluctuate over time with changes in regulations, laws or tax codes
- The time series goes back to 2009 for regulatory ratios, but the G-SIB methodology was not published until November 2011 – therefore, firms were not “below” requirements, the requirements did not exist

⁵ Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review = a U.S. regulatory framework introduced by the Federal Reserve to analyze, supervise, and regulate the bank holding companies of large financial institutions

Appendix: CCAR Firm List

Category	Name	SIFMA Category
I. US G-SIB BHCs	Bank of America	G-SIBs
	Bank of New York Mellon	G-SIBs
	Citigroup	G-SIBs
	Goldman Sachs	G-SIBs
	JP Morgan	G-SIBs
	Morgan Stanley	G-SIBs
	State Street	G-SIBs
	Wells Fargo	G-SIBs
II. US BHCs & US IHCs of Foreign Banks \$700B+ Total Assets or \$75B+ Cross Jurisdictional Activity	Northern Trust	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
III. US BHCs & US IHCs of Foreign Banks \$250B+ Total Assets or \$75B+ ST Wholesale Funding, Nonbank Assets, or OBS Exposure	Barclays US	Not Included
	BMO	Not Included
	Capital One	Non G-SIB \$250B+
	Charles Schwab	Non G-SIB \$250B+
	DB USA	Not Included
	PNC	Non G-SIB \$250B+
	TD Group	Not Included
	Truist	Non G-SIB \$250B+
	UBS Americas	Not Included
	US Bancorp	Non G-SIB \$250B+
IV. US BHCs & US IHCs of Foreign Banks \$100B+ Total Assets Do not meet requirements for annual stress testing	Ally	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	American Express	Non G-SIB \$250B+
	Citizens	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	Discover	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	Fifth Third	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	HSBC	Not Included
	Huntington	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	KeyCorp	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	M&T	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	RBC USA	Not Included
	Regions	Non G-SIB \$100-250B
	Santander	Not Included

Note: G-SIB = global systemically important bank. BHC = bank holding company. IHC = US intermediate holding company. Category IV banks are generally required to participate in the test only every other year. U.S. operations of foreign firms not included.

Appendix: G-SIB List

Bucket	Surcharge	GSIB
5	3.5%	(Empty)
4	2.5%	JP Morgan Chase
3	2.0%	Citigroup HSBC
2	1.5%	Agricultural Bank of China Bank of America Bank of China Barclays BNP Paribas China Construction Bank Deutsche Bank Goldman Sachs Groupe Cr�dit Agricole Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Mitsubishi UFJ FG UBS
1	1.0%	Bank of Communications (BoCom) Bank of New York Mellon Groupe BPCE ING Mizuho FG Morgan Stanley Royal Bank of Canada Santander Soci�t� G�n�rale Standard Chartered State Street Sumitomo Mitsui FG Toronto Dominion Wells Fargo

Source: Financial Stability Board (as of November 2024)

Appendix: Terms to Know

CFPB	Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (United States)
CFTC	Commodity Futures Trading Commission
FDIC	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
Fed	Federal Reserve System
FINRA	Financial Industry Regulatory Authority
OCC	Office of the Comptroller of the Currency
SEC	Securities and Exchange Commission

BHC	Bank Holding Company
G-SIB	Global Systemically Important Bank
LEI	Legal Entity Identifier
QIS	Quantitative Impact Studies

B3	(Basel III) International Regulatory Framework for Banks
CCAR	Comprehensive Capital Analysis and Review
CLAR	Comprehensive Liquidity Analysis and Review
DFA	Dodd–Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act
EMIR	European Market Infrastructure Regulation
MiFID	Markets in Financial Instruments Directive
MiFID II	Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (revised)
MiFIR	Markets in Financial Instruments Regulation

CET1	Common Equity Tier 1
T1C	Tier 1 Capital
AT1	Additional Tier 1 Capital
T2C	Tier 2 Capital
TLAC	Total Loss-Absorbing Capacity
RWA	Risk-Weighted Assets
CVA	Credit Valuation Adjustment
CTP	Correlation Trading Portfolio

LCR	Liquidity Coverage Ratio
HQLA	High Quality Liquid Assets
NCOF	Net Cash Outflows

NSFR	Net Stable Funding Ratio
ASF	Available Amount of Stable Funding
RSF	Required Amount of Stable Funding

SLR	Supplemental Leverage Ratio
TE	Total Exposure
PFE	Potential Future Exposure

FRTB	Fundamental Review of the Trading Book
------	--

Authors

SIFMA Research

Katie Kolchin, CFA, Managing Director, Head of Research

Justyna Romulus, Senior Research Associate

Matthew Paluzzi, Research Associate

Website: www.sifma.org/research

Email: research@sifma.org

Disclaimer: This document is intended for general informational purposes only and is not intended to serve as investment advice to any individual or entity. The views in this report and interpretation of the data are that of SIFMA, not necessarily its member firms.

SIFMA is the leading trade association for broker-dealers, investment banks and asset managers operating in the U.S. and global capital markets. On behalf of our industry's one million employees, we advocate on legislation, regulation and business policy affecting retail and institutional investors, equity and fixed income markets and related products and services. We serve as an industry coordinating body to promote fair and orderly markets, informed regulatory compliance, and efficient market operations and resiliency. We also provide a forum for industry policy and professional development. SIFMA, with offices in New York and Washington, D.C., is the U.S. regional member of the Global Financial Markets Association (GFMA). For more information, visit <http://www.sifma.org>.

This report is subject to the Terms of Use applicable to SIFMA's website, available at <http://www.sifma.org/legal>. Copyright © 2025