

# **Securitisation Data Report**

## **European Structured Finance**

Q1: 2018







Prepared in partnership with

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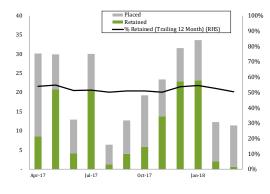
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## Market Highlights and Commentary

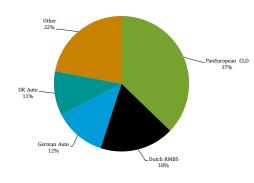
## **European Securitisation Issuance (EUR** mn)



Sources: AFME/SIFMA Members, AFME, Bloomberg, Dealogic Thomson Reuters, SIFMA

"In Q1 2018, EUR 57.4 billion issued in Europe, a decline of 22.7% from Q4 2017 but an increase of 42.6% from Q1 2017."

#### Placed Securitisation European Issuance



Sources: Bloomberg, AFME & SIFMA Member Firms, Dealogic, AFME SIFMA

## **Market Environment**

## **Economic conditions**

According to Eurostat, GDP rose 0.4% quarter-over-quarter (QoQ) in the Euro zone (EU19) and the EU28 during the first quarter of 2018. The unemployment rate stood at 8.5% (EU19) and 7.1% (EU28) as of the end of March 2018, the lowest rate recorded since December 2008 (EU19) and September 2008 (EU28).

## **Term Issuance and Outstanding Volumes**

In Q1 2018, EUR 57.4 billion of securitised product was issued in Europe, a decline of 22.7% from Q4 2017 but an increase of 42.7% from Q1 2017. Of the EUR 57.4 billion issued, EUR 31.5 billion was placed, representing 55.0% of issuance, compared to the 42.6% of issuance in Q4 2017 and the 42.0% of issuance in Q1 2017.

CLO refinancing ("refis") activity continued in the first quarter of 2018; according to Thomson Reuters LPC, the combined amount of European CLO resets and refinancings totalled EUR 4.3 bn in Q1 2018 (from EUR 4.8 bn in Q4 2017). Among placed issuance, of securitised product was PanEuropean CLO and Dutch RMBS led issuance totals, with EUR 11.7 and EUR 5.6 billion of issuance, respectively. More notable was the debut sukuk UK RMBS deal from Al Rayan in February 2018, Tolkien Funding Sukuk 1.

> Outstanding volumes declined slightly to EUR 1.20 trillion outstanding at the end of Q1 2018, a decline of 2.3% QoQ and a decline of 3.9% YoY.

## **Credit Quality**

In Europe, upgrades outpaced downgrades in Q1 2018, with upgrades concentrated in European CMBS and prime RMBS.

## **ABCP Trends**

European asset backed commercial paper (ABCP) issuance was EUR 68.2 billion in Q1 2018, a decline of 9.1% QoQ (from €75.0 billion in Q4 2017) and a 17.1% decline YoY (from €82.3 billion in Q1 2017). Multiseller conduits continue to dominate as the largest category of issuer in the ABCP market, particularly from France. European ABCP outstandings declined slightly from the previous quarter, ending the first quarter at EUR 16.4 billion, down by 2.1% from Q4 2017.

## Major upcoming regulatory, legislative and policy initiatives

## The STS framework

After the publication of the "Simple Transparent and Standardised" (STS) securitisation Package in the Official Journal of the EU on 28 December 2017, the attention has turned now to the implementation and development of the related secondary legislation, including technical standards and guidelines.

## EBA and ESMA Consultations on the Level 2 legislation

In December 2017, the EBA and ESMA published consultations on key parts of the recently agreed STS Securitisation reform, including the draft technical standards on risk retention, homogeneity, disclosures and STS notifications. The consultation period closed in mid-March and the final proposals are expected to be published in the second half of 2018. According to the statement published by ESMA in April, it has re-organised its resources and priorities and will aim to deliver its final report on the technical standards in relation to disclosure obligations to the Commission in mid-July 2018, i.e. six months in advance of the deadline under the Securitisation Regulation. This should allow the EC to prepare for speedy adoption of these technical standards and thus address concerns about the disclosure-related transitional provisions.

*he* The EBA's work on capital is progressing as well. At the end of June 2018, the EBA is expected to consult on the RTS for conditions for the use of KIRB (a capital requirement calculation), which will be necessary for banks in applying the SEC-IRBA methodology.

Connected with these RTS is the EBA's set of guidelines, including the guidelines (and a report) on practices on hierarchy of approaches, on the computation of KIRB for dilution risk, on the determination of tranche maturity and weighted average life ("WAL") and on estimates of probability of default and loss given default using incremental risk capital.

On 20 April 2018, the EBA launched two public consultations on its draft Guidelines on harmonised interpretation of the criteria for the securitisation to be eligible for the STS label. The Guidelines are developed for both non asset-backed commercial paper (ABCP) securitisation and ABCP for securitisation. AFME will be responding to both consultations by their deadline on 20 July 2018.

## Commission's proposals on EMIR Refit and treatment of STS

On 4 May 2018, the ESAs published two joint consultations on EMIR RTS focusing on securitisations. The two consultations aim to amend the current regulation on the clearing obligation and risk mitigation techniques on OTC derivatives not cleared by central counterparties (CCPs) in order to provide a specific treatment for simple, transparent and standardised (STS) securitisation and ensure a level playing field with covered bonds. However, it is expected that these requirements will not apply to most securitisation swaps as securitisation special purpose entities (SSPEs) will continue to fall within the definition of non-financial counterparties (NFC), and thus be exempted on that basis.

On 16 May, the ECON committee in the European Parliament (EP) adopted final reports on the EMIR Refit and EMIR 2.0 proposal. The final report keeps the exclusion of SSPEs from the "financial counterparties" (FC) definition. The next step in the process is the Trilogues. Since the EP's and Council's texts are aligned on the issue of exclusion of the SSPEs from the FC definition, we do not expect this to be re-opened at the Trilogues negotiations.

"According to the statement published by ESMA in April, it has re-organised its resources and priorities and will aim to deliver its final report on the technical standards relation disclosure to obligations to the Commission in mid-July 2018, *i.e. six months in advance of* deadline the under the Securitisation Regulation"

## Major upcoming regulatory, legislative and policy initiatives

## Libor and benchmark rates

Following the announcement by the UK FCA that it would stop supporting Libor by the end of 2021, AFME continues to be engaged in a transition to a new risk-free rate after that date. Pending a final determination on what the replacement for Libor will be, AFME is working with several other trade associations to coordinate the industry's efforts on Libor replacement. We have finalised the work on Model Wording to create uniform transitional language for new securitisation transactions which is now available on our website.

## Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

On 24 January 2018, the European Commission (EC) launched a short consultation on the draft Delegated Act on the LCR. With regard to securitisation, the proposal aligns the LCR eligibility criteria with the STS requirements, however it does not promote the STS to Level 2A. STS securitisations remain as Level 2B assets. In our response, AFME stated that all STS securitisations, whether term or ABCP, should be classified as Level 2A assets with maximum allocations and minimum haircuts equivalent to the current treatment of covered bonds of Credit Quality Step (CQS) 2. The EC is expected to publish the final text of the LCR revision in the second half of 2018.

## **Solvency II**

On 15 April 2018, the EC draft delegated regulation on Solvency II revision was published for a short consultation and it has been subsequently adopted by the EC on the 1 June 2018. Although there have been some positive developments in terms of lowering the capital charges for the STS senior positions (which are now comparable to those applying to corporates), the treatment of non-senior STS tranches and non-STS securitisation remains highly problematic and does not provide any incentives for insurer investors to return to the ABS market.

## **BCBS and IOSCO - STC Criteria**

In 14 May 2018 BCBS and IOSCO published criteria for identifying simple, transparent and comparable short-term securitisations (the short-term STC criteria). The criteria are based on the principles for identifying simple, transparent and comparable securitisations issued by BCBS-IOSCO in July 2015. The criteria published in May 2018 take account of the characteristics of ABCP conduits, such as (i) the short maturity of the commercial paper issued, (ii) the different forms of programme structures and (iii) the existence of multiple forms of liquidity and credit support facilities.

The BCBS has concurrently issued its capital treatment for simple, transparent and comparable short-term securitisations outlining how the short-term STC criteria could be incorporated into the regulatory capital framework for banks.

## 1 Issuance

### € BILLIONS

## 1.1 Issuance European Historical Issuance

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL
2009	131.0	83.8	113.3	95.8	423.9
2010	75.5	32.6	110.7	159.2	378.0
2011	115.2	67.3	57.1	137.2	376.8
2012	64.3	67.7	62.0	63.9	257.8
2013	32.8	53.2	38.4	56.4	180.8
2014	20.0	99.5	37.8	59.8	217.1
2015	35.7	50.3	57.8	72.8	216.6
2016	57.0	75.8	46.6	60.1	239.6
2017	40.2	73.0	49.1	74.2	236.5
2018	57.4				57.4

## 1.2 US and Australia Historical Issuance

	US	AU
2009	1,447.2	9.7
2010	1,245.9	15.5
2011	1,068.9	20.4
2012	1,609.0	14.8
2013	1,565.1	22.4
2014	1,190.9	22.1
2015	1,744.5	19.9
2016	1,860.4	16.4
2017	1,899.3	29.2
2018	355.6	3.4

Sources: Bloomberg, Citigroup, Dealogic, Bank of America-Merrill Lynch, Deutsche Bank, JP Morgan, Macquarie, Thomson Reuters, Unicredit, AFME, SIFMA

## 1.3 European Issuance by Collateral

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
ABS	12.2				12.2
CDO/CLO	12.6				12.6
CMBS	0.4				0.4
RMBS	29.3				29.3
SME	2.8				2.8
WBS/PFI					0.0
Total	57.4				57.4

## 1.4 European Issuance by Retention

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Placed	31.5				31.5
Retained	25.8				25.8
Total <sup>2</sup>	57.4				57.4

## 1.5 Australia Issuance by Collateral

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
ABS	0.3				0.3
RMBS	3.1				3.1
CMBS					0.0
Total	3.4				3.4

### 1.6 US Issuance by Collateral

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
ABS	52.3				52.3
CDO	9.4				9.4
Agency MBS	256.0				256.0
Non-Agency CMBS	18.8				18.8
Non-Agency RMBS	19.0				19.0
Total	355.6				355.6

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
7.7	10.0	12.4	22.7	52.9
6.2	14.0	14.8	13.8	48.8
0.3			0.6	0.9
23.1	41.8	21.6	32.5	119.0
2.8	7.2	0.4	4.5	14.9
40.2	73.0	49.1	74.2	236.5

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
16.9	39.6	23.3	31.6	111.3
23.3	33.5	25.9	42.6	125.2
40.2	73.0	49.1	74.2	236.5

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
2.4	0.3	1.0	0.8	4.6
5.1	6.1	6.3	6.6	24.1
		0.3	0.2	0.5
7.5	6.4	7.7	7.6	29.2

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
59.4	63.6	40.1	56.0	219.1
51.4	86.4	54.4	70.1	262.4
326.3	280.7	311.2	305.1	1,223.3
14.4	20.2	23.5	26.3	84.4
26.3	34.4	21.8	27.6	110.1
477.9	485.3	451.1	485.1	1,899.3

Sources: Bank of America Merrill-Lynch, Bloomberg, Citigroup, Dealogic, Deutsche Bank, JP Morgan, Macquarie, Thomson Reuters, Unicredit, AFME, SIFMA

### € BILLIONS

## 1.7 Issuance by Country of Collateral

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Belgium	0.2				0.2
Denmark					0.0
France	6.1				6.1
Germany	3.4				3.4
Greece					0.0
Ireland	0.4				0.4
Italy	3.1				3.1
Netherlands	15.9				15.9
Portugal	2.3				2.3
Spain	1.0				1.0
UK	9.1				9.1
Other EU					0.0
Other Europe	0.4				0.4
PanEurope	15.5				15.5
Multinational					0.0
European Total	57.4				57.4
Australia Total	3.4				3.4
US Total	355.6				355.6

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
	11.7	0.6		12.3
				-
8.6	12.6	13.9	1.8	36.9
0.5	3.4	3.6	5.4	12.9
				-
0.7	0.9		2.8	4.4
7.5	2.5	2.9	17.6	30.5
6.6	3.2	6.0		15.9
	0.3		0.8	1.1
4.4	2.7	3.0	16.4	26.5
4.8	21.3	7.5	13.6	47.2
0.6		0.2	0.7	
0.3	0.1	0.6	1.3	2.3
6.2	14.2	10.8	13.8	45.0
0.0				0.0
40.2	73.0	49.1	74.2	236.5
7.5	6.4	7.7	7.6	29.2
477.9	485.3	451.1	485.1	1,899.3

## 1.8 Issuance by Collateral Type and Country of Collateral: 1Q 2018

	ABS	CDO/CLO	CMBS	RMBS	SME	WBS/PFI	TOTAL
Belgium	0.2						0.2
Denmark							-
France	1.1			5.0			6.1
Germany	3.4						3.4
Greece							-
Ireland				0.4			0.4
Italy	2.7		0.4				3.1
Netherlands				15.9			15.9
Portugal				2.3			2.3
Spain	1.0						1.0
UK	3.4			5.7			9.1
Other EU							-
Other Europe	0.4						0.4
PanEurope		12.6			2.8		15.5
Multinational							-
European Total	12.2	12.6	0.4	29.3	2.8	-	57.4

	ABS	CDO	AGENCY MBS	NON- AGENCY CMBS	NON- AGENCY RMBS	TOTAL
Australia Total	0.3				3.1	3.4
US Total	52.3	9.4	256.0	18.8	19.0	355.6

Sources: Bloomberg, Citigroup, Dealogic, Bank of America-Merrill Lynch, Deutsche Bank, JP Morgan, Macquarie, Thomson Reuters, Unicredit, AFME, SIFMA

### € BILLIONS

## 1.9 European Issuance by Rating

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
AAA	38.5				38.5
AA	6.8				6.8
Α	4.6				4.6
BBB & Below	2.8				2.8
Not Rated	4.7				4.7
European Total2	57.4				57.4

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
20.1	50.1	23.5	19.3	113.0
8.6	6.7	13.5	23.3	52.2
4.5	3.9	4.9	13.9	27.2
1.8	3.1	2.5	4.8	12.3
5.2	9.1	4.7	12.8	31.8
40.2	73.0	49.1	74.2	236.5

## 1.10 Australia Issuance by Rating

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
AAA	3.0				3.0
AA	0.3				0.3
Α	0.1				0.1
BBB & Below	0.1				0.1
Not Rated	0.0				0.0
US Total	3.4				3.4

## 1.11 US Issuance by Rating

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
AAA	53.1				53.1
AA	5.9				5.9
Α	6.9				6.9
BBB & Below	12.5				12.5
Not Rated	21.1				21.1
Agency MBS	256.0				256.0
US Total	355.6				355.6

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
6.6	6.1	7.0	6.5	26.3
0.4	0.1	0.3	0.5	1.4
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.6
0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.6
0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.4
7.5	6.4	7.7	7.6	29.2

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
79.7	105.0	75.0	83.8	343.5
11.2	15.9	11.7	12.5	51.2
8.6	14.4	8.6	11.3	42.9
10.5	17.8	14.3	14.6	57.2
41.6	51.6	30.2	57.8	181.3
326.3	280.7	311.2	305.1	1,223.3
477.9	485.3	451.1	485.1	1,899.3

Sources: Bank of America-Merrill Lynch, Bloomberg, Citigroup, Dealogic, Deutsche Bank, JP Morgan, Macquarie, Thomson Reuters, Unicredit, AFME, SIFMA

## 1.12 Securitisation Issuance by Deal Size: 1Q 2018

INCLUDING RETAINED DEALS								
	EUR	OPE	Australia		US			
	# of Issues	€ Billions	# of Issues	€ Billions	# of Issues	€ Billions		
Less than 0.01 Billion	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		
0.01-0.1 Billion	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%		
0.1-1.0 Billion	70%	94%	71%	45%	58%	83%		
More than 1.0 Billion	29%	6%	29%	55%	12%	6%		
Agency MBS	N/A	0%	N/A	N/A	30%	9%		
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		

Sources: Dealogic, Macquarie



## 2 Outstanding

€ BILLIONS

## 2.1 European Outstandings by Collateral

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
ABS	213.6			
CDO/CLO	118.2			
CMBS	51.3			
RMBS	676.4			
SME	78.5			
WBS/PFI	63.6			
Total	1,201.6			

## 2.2 Australia Outstandings by Collateral

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
ABS	5.8			
CMBS	0.6			
RMBS	50.3			
Total	56.7			

## 2.3 US Outstandings by Collateral

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
ABS	1,193.2			
Agency MBS	5,674.9			
Non-Agency RMBS	629.9			
Non-Agency CMBS	419.1			
Total	7,917.1			

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
209.3	204.3	206.6	216.0
120.3	121.5	111.6	118.9
64.2	61.5	55.3	54.6
700.7	711.3	691.9	697.4
87.4	87.0	81.1	79.4
68.7	66.9	64.6	63.9
1,250.6	1,252.4	1,211.2	1,230.3

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
7.8	6.6	6.7	6.5
0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5
51.5	48.0	51.9	53.1
60.0	55.2	59.0	60.1

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
1,317.2	1,249.1	1,210.7	1,225.4
6,223.0	5,870.5	5,762.8	5,768.0
789.0	720.6	681.0	659.1
479.9	433.4	420.0	423.6
8,794.4	8,260.6	8,061.3	8,048.5

Sources: Bloomberg (US & Europe), Fannie Mae (US), Federal Reserve (US), Freddie Mac (US), Ginnie Mae (US),

Loan Performance (US), Dealogic (US), Macquarie (Australia), Thomson Reuters (US), AFME &SIFMA Estimates (US & Europe)

### € BILLIONS

## 2.4 Outstandings by Country of Collateral: 2016-2017

	2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
Austria	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6
Belgium	60.8	66.4	65.8	64.5
Finland	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.6
France	85.0	95.8	102.5	100.9
Germany	76.0	73.6	73.7	76.1
Greece	19.3	19.2	17.5	18.6
Ireland	30.3	27.4	26.3	28.6
Italy	147.3	139.3	135.4	144.2
Netherlands	201.1	194.4	179.0	173.1
Portugal	27.7	26.6	25.9	25.8
Russia	1.4	1.4	1.1	1.9
Spain	168.6	165.2	161.1	166.7
Turkey	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3
UK	306.9	315.8	303.8	304.8
Other	5.6	5.1	5.5	5.6
PanEurope	89.3	93.9	88.9	96.6
Multinational	27.1	24.4	20.8	18.5
European Total	1,250.6	1,252.4	1,211.2	1,230.3
Australia Total	60.0	55.2	59.0	60.1
US Total	8,809.1	8,273.5	8,074.5	8,076.0

2016:Q1	2016:Q2	2016:Q3	2016:Q4
1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8
64.5	66.6	65.2	62.1
1.1	1.0	0.9	1.4
76.7	81.2	85.0	85.4
84.2	83.2	81.7	85.1
20.4	20.4	19.0	19.6
33.4	32.5	30.9	30.8
150.3	144.6	145.9	149.3
207.3	216.0	212.7	202.3
29.8	29.2	29.0	28.8
1.5	1.7	1.4	1.5
171.0	169.8	166.2	168.9
1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1
326.9	325.9	305.3	318.5
4.8	5.5	5.3	5.1
66.3	69.4	72.3	90.1
40.6	37.9	34.9	31.8
1,282.3	1,287.7	1,258.6	1,283.3
56.2	55.9	53.6	54.5
8,034.3	8,252.7	8,204.1	8,851.5

### 2018

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
Austria	1.6			
Belgium	60.7			
Finland	1.4			
France	100.2			
Germany	55.6			
Greece	18.9			
Ireland	27.5			
Italy	137.1			
Netherlands	182.8			
Portugal	27.2			
Russia	1.8			
Spain	162.9			
Turkey	1.5			
UK	303.0			
Other	5.6			
PanEurope	98.7			
Multinational	15.1			
European Total	1,201.6			
Australia Total	56.7			
US Total	7,917.1			

Sources: Bloomberg (US & Europe), Fannie Mae (US), Federal Reserve (US), Freddie Mac (US), Ginnie Mae (US),

Loan Performance (US), Dealogic (US), Macquarie (Australia), Thomson Reuters (US), AFME &SIFMA Estimates (US & Europe)

## Outstanding

## 2.5 European Outstandings by Moody's Investors Service Ratings (as a percentage of total Moody's rated securitisations)

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
Aaa/AAA	49.38%			
Aa/AA	29.81%			
A/A	12.66%			
Baa/BBB	3.41%			
Ba/BB	1.95%			
B/B	1.28%			
Caa/CCC	0.93%			
Ca/CC	0.33%			
C/C	0.25%			
Total	100.00%			

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
47.41%	48.22%	48.56%	48.45%
29.49%	28.60%	29.23%	30.18%
13.38%	13.81%	13.27%	12.97%
4.20%	4.05%	3.66%	3.61%
1.78%	1.72%	1.73%	1.70%
1.24%	1.56%	1.54%	1.55%
1.66%	1.28%	1.32%	0.96%
0.52%	0.47%	0.42%	0.33%
0.33%	0.29%	0.26%	0.25%
100.01%	100.00%	99.99%	100.00%

**2.6** Australia Outstandings by Standard and Poor's Ratings (as a percentage of total S&P rated securitisations)

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
Aaa/AAA	87.32%			
Aa/AA	5.33%			
A/A	2.50%			
Baa/BBB	0.95%			
Ba/BB	0.47%			
B/B	0.21%			
Caa/CCC	0.00%			
Ca/CC	0.00%			
C/C	0.02%			
D	0.00%			
NR	3.21%			
Total	100.00%			

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
86.80%	87.33%	87.47%	87.71%
5.42%	5.15%	5.27%	5.07%
2.68%	2.58%	2.42%	2.46%
0.86%	0.86%	0.86%	0.90%
0.34%	0.33%	0.36%	0.41%
0.13%	0.13%	0.16%	0.18%
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
0.03%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
3.74%	3.61%	3.45%	3.25%
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

## 2.7 US Outstandings by Moody's Investors Service Ratings (as a percentage of total Moody's rated securitisations)

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
Aaa/AAA	31.95%			
Aa/AA	4.85%			
A/A	5.57%			
Baa/BBB	8.02%			
Ba/BB	5.63%			
B/B	5.26%			
Caa/CCC	20.39%			
Ca/CC	11.91%			
C/C	6.42%			
Total	100.00%			

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
28.35%	28.58%	29.25%	30.39%
5.46%	5.36%	5.21%	5.04%
6.09%	6.07%	5.77%	5.57%
8.56%	8.39%	8.24%	8.20%
6.63%	6.49%	6.45%	6.30%
5.83%	5.77%	5.74%	5.52%
20.45%	20.69%	20.67%	20.51%
12.05%	12.03%	12.03%	11.94%
6.57%	6.61%	6.63%	6.54%
100.00%	100.00%	99.99%	100.01%

Sources: Macquarie, Moody's Investors Service, Standard and Poor's



## Outstanding

### € BILLIONS

## 2.8 Australian Outstandings by Vintage

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
2018	2.0			
2017	21.4			
2016	8.5			
2015	7.7			
2014	6.7			
2013	4.1			
2012	1.7			
2011	2.2			
2010	1.1			
2009	0.4			
2008	0.0			
2007	0.2			
2006	0.4			
2005	0.1			
2004	0.1			
2003				
Prior	0.1			
Total	56.7			

## 2.9 European Outstandings by Vintage

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
2018	55.5			
2017	226.1			
2016	186.2			
2015	110.3			
2014	94.3			
2013	57.8			
2012	33.5			
2011	31.3			
2010	90.1			
2009	44.9			
Prior	271.7			
Total	1,201.6			

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
7.3	10.3	17.4	22.3
12.6	11.0	10.6	9.6
12.3	10.6	9.6	8.7
10.3	9.0	8.2	7.5
6.9	5.8	5.3	4.9
2.6	2.2	2.0	1.8
3.2	2.8	2.6	2.4
1.8	1.5	1.4	1.2
0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
1.0	0.4	0.3	0.2
0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
59.9	55.2	59.0	60.0

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
39.3	108.5	165.5	232.6
230.7	224.2	203.7	196.5
175.7	164.9	150.1	140.9
133.7	124.3	111.0	103.9
77.6	70.9	68.1	64.2
69.5	62.2	39.5	34.5
43.8	37.7	36.3	33.8
95.4	94.6	92.5	90.9
50.3	49.2	47.4	45.6
334.6	316.1	297.2	287.5
1,246.3	1,246.9	1,204.9	1,224.9

Sources: Bloomberg, Macquarie, AFME, SIFMA

### € BILLIONS

## 2.10 European Outstandings by Country and Collateral: 4Q 2017

	ABS	CDO/CLO	CMBS	RMBS	SME	WBS/PFI	TOTAL
Austria	0.3			1.3			1.6
Belgium	0.2		0.1	45.1	19.2		64.5
Finland	1.1					0.5	1.6
France	21.8	0.07	0.0	79.0	0.0		100.9
Germany	39.0	0.2	1.5	28.1	7.2	0.0	76.1
Greece	8.1	1.8	0.2	1.2	7.3		18.6
Ireland	0.4		0.0	27.9	0.19		28.6
Italy	61.7	0.5	6.2	60.4	15.0	0.3	144.2
Netherlands	3.3	0.1	0.7	164.8	4.1		173.1
Portugal	3.7			17.4	4.8		25.8
Russia				1.9	0.00		1.9
Spain	24.3	0.4	0.1	126.6	15.4		166.7
Turkey	1.3						1.3
UK	44.9	7.4	41.5	142.5	5.9	62.5	304.8
Other	4.4	0.2	0.03	1.0			5.6
PanEurope	1.3	90.4	4.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	96.6
Multinational	0.2	17.9				0.4	18.5
European Total	216.0	118.9	54.6	697.4	79.4	63.9	1230.3

### 1Q 2018

	ABS	CDO/CLO	CMBS	RMBS	SME	WBS/PFI	TOTAL
Austria	0.3			1.3			1.6
Belgium	0.4		0.1	41.9	18.3		60.7
Finland	0.9					0.5	1.4
France	22.1	0.07		78.1	0.0		100.2
Germany	39.1	0.2	1.4	7.8	7.1	0.0	55.6
Greece	8.5	1.8	0.2	1.2	7.2		18.9
Ireland	0.42		0.0	26.8	0.19		27.5
Italy	59.4	0.5	5.3	58.0	13.6	0.3	137.1
Netherlands	3.0	0.1	0.1	175.8	3.9		182.8
Portugal	3.5			19.1	4.6		27.2
Russia				1.8	-		1.8
Spain	22.8	0.3	0.1	122.7	17.1		162.9
Turkey	1.5						1.5
UK	46.4	7.4	40.2	141.0	5.8	62.2	303.0
Other	4.1	0.2	0.03	0.9	0.31		5.6
PanEurope	1.1	93.2	3.8	0.1	0.3	0.1	98.7
Multinational	0.2	14.5				0.4	15.1
European Total	213.6	118.2	51.3	676.4	78.5	63.6	1201.6

Sources: Bloomberg, AFME, SIFMA



## 3 Credit Quality – Rating Changes

Upgrades/Downgrades by Country

## 3.1 **DBRS**

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
France	1/0				1/0
Germany	15/0				15/0
Italy	12/0				12/0
Netherlands	4/0				4/0
Spain	4/0				4/0
UK	1/1				1/1
Multinational	12/0				12/0
European Total	49/1				49/1
US	480/23				480/23

## 3.2 Fitch Ratings

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
France	3/3				3/3
Germany	3/4				3/4
Italy	26/0				26/0
Netherlands	46/6				46/6
Spain	137/8				137/8
UK	39/3				39/3
Multinational	0/0				0/0
European Total	279/28				279/28
US	847/260				847/260

## 3.3 Moody's Investors Service

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
France	0/0				0/0
Germany	0/0				0/0
Italy	4/0				4/0
Netherlands	2/3				2/3
Spain	0/0				0/0
UK	24/1				24/1
Multinational	10/0				10/0
European Total	72/8				72/8
US	568/86				568/86

## 3.4 Standard & Poor's

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
France	0/0				0/0
Germany	0/0				0/0
Italy	9/0				9/0
Netherlands	3/5				3/5
Spain	22/3				22/3
UK	39/4				39/4
Multinational	7/2				7/2
European Total	80/14				80/14
US	856/241				856/241

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
0/0	2/0	11/0	7/0	20/0
3/0	4/0	11/0	7/0	25/0
4/3	30/4	18/1	14/0	66/8
1/0	0/0	0/0	1/4	2/4
0/1	23/4	1/0	5/0	29/5
0/0	0/1	0/0	19/3	19/4
2/11	6/3	4/0	7/0	19/14
10/15	65/12	45/1	60/7	180/35
518/286	593/37	338/7	352/24	1801/354

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
0/1	5/2	3/0	8/4	16/7
7/8	3/16	2/0	7/9	19/33
12/6	15/125	12/1	3/0	42/132
2/24	10/9	2/13	16/1	30/47
30/14	37/8	23/7	15/5	105/34
154/17	71/10	29/2	60/25	314/54
0/0	7/0	1/0	0/0	8/0
208/119	158/172	81/23	125/45	572/359
852/438	369/171	314/991	1589/642	3124/2242

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
1/0	0/0	4/0	4/0	9/0
4/1	1/1	7/0	7/0	19/2
1/0	14/0	9/0	9/0	33/0
3/0	6/0	1/1	1/1	11/2
33/0	6/1	30/3	30/3	99/7
1/2	11/1	126/14	126/14	264/31
29/3	32/2	60/1	60/1	181/7
78/8	73/0	291/0	461/0	903/8
612/82	694/0	694/0	694/0	2694/82

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
2/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	2/0
5/4	2/4	7/0	2/1	16/9
5/4	1/1	8/0	91/3	105/8
13/3	3/0	9/4	3/0	28/7
41/5	23/3	10/2	5/2	79/12
44/8	33/12	50/12	206/1	333/33
63/16	72/15	37/22	9/8	181/61
173/40	134/35	121/40	316/15	744/130
385/308	437/206	268/468	336/235	1426/1217

Sources: DBRS, Fitch Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's



## Upgrades/Downgrades by Collateral

## 3.5 DBRS - Europe

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	8/0				8/0
CDO	5/0				5/0
CMBS	16/1				16/1
Credit Card	1/0				1/0
RMBS (prime)	15/0				15/0
RMBS (non-prime)	1/0				1/0
Other ABS	2/0				2/0
Total	48/1				48/1

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
5/0	9/0	12/0	12/0	38/0
0/10	13/3	10/0	10/0	33/13
0/2	0/4	0/0	0/4	0/10
1/1	18/1	2/0	10/0	31/2
3/1	20/4	18/1	24/3	65/9
0/1	1/0	3/0	3/0	7/1
1/0	4/0	0/0	1/0	6/0
10/15	65/12	45/1	60/7	180/35

## 3.6 Fitch Ratings - Europe<sup>1</sup>

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	2/0				2/0
Credit Card	0/0				0/0
Other ABS	33/0				33/0
CDO	14/1				14/1
CMBS	0/6				0/6
RMBS (prime)	178/17				178/17
RMBS (non-conforming)	42/4				42/4
Other RMBS	10/0				10/0
Total	279/28				279/28

## 3.7 Moody's Investors Service - Europe

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	0/1				0/1
CDO	10/0				10/0
CMBS	0/1				0/1
Credit Card	0/0				0/0
RMBS (prime)	43/4				43/4
RMBS (non-conforming)	19/2				19/2
Total	72/8				72/8

## 3.8 Standard & Poor's - Europe

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	2/0				2/0
CDO	7/3				7/3
CMBS	0/3				0/3
Credit Card	0/0				0/0
RMBS (prime)	33/3				33/3
RMBS (non-conforming)	38/5				38/5
Total	80/14				80/14

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
1/0	5/7	10/0	9/0	25/7
0/0	3/0	0/0	10/0	13/0
7/48	10/19	9/0	9/3	35/70
21/10	40/27	21/0	48/1	130/38
6/12	8/25	8/2	0/14	22/53
36/40	33/88	30/21	41/8	140/157
125/0	57/6	3/0	6/19	191/25
12/9	2/0	0/0	2/0	16/9
208/119	158/172	81/23	125/45	572/359

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
11/0	0/1	0/5	9/8	20/14
29/2	32/1	60/1	130/1	251/5
0/4	2/4	0/15	5/15	7/38
0/0	0/0	2/0	2/0	4/0
33/2	29/6	100/7	133/50	295/65
5/0	10/1	129/4	182/6	326/11
78/8	73/13	291/32	461/80	903/133

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
6/0	2/0	3/0	1/0	12/0
69/9	78/14	51/16	20/8	218/47
2/18	0/16	7/22	5/2	14/58
0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
61/10	24/4	27/2	92/5	204/21
35/3	30/1	33/0	198/0	296/4
173/40	134/35	121/40	316/15	744/130

Sources: DBRS, Fitch Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The European totals may not match the constituent parts as a small number of European RMBS transactions are not categorised as either Prime or Nonconforming.

## Upgrades/Downgrades by Collateral

## 3.9 DBRS - US

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	112/1				112/1
CDO	12/0				12/0
CMBS	18/3				18/3
Credit Card	26/0				26/0
RMBS	302/19				302/19
Other ABS	10/0				10/0
Total	480/23				480/23

## 3.10 Fitch Ratings - US

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	24/0				34/0
Credit Card	0/0				0/0
Other ABS	14/34				45/31
CDO	24/10				10/2
CMBS	44/55				30/36
RMBS (prime)	91/0				15/53
RMBS (subprime)	15/9				1,101/400
Other RMBS	635/152				354/120
Total	847/260				1,589/642

## 3.11 Moody's Investors Service - US

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	41/0				41/0
CDO	18/6				18/6
CMBS	42/17				42/17
Credit Card	0/0				0/0
RMBS	467/63				467/63
Total	568/86				568/86

## 3.12 Standard & Poor's - US

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Auto	67/0				67/0
CDO	16/6				16/6
CMBS	24/33				24/33
Credit Card	0/0				0/0
RMBS (prime)	284/120				284/120
RMBS (subprime)	465/82				465/82
Total	856/241				856/241

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
17/0	54/0	70/0	20/0	161/0
17/0	2/28	5/0	9/15	33/43
56/271	36/7	23/3	45/3	160/284
2/0	8/0	0/0	0/0	10/0
418/13	463/2	204/0	265/6	1350/21
8/2	30/0	36/4	13/0	87/6
518/286	593/37	338/7	352/24	1801/354

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
33/0	22/0	16/0	34/0	105/0
0/0	0/0	11/0	0/0	11/0
37/68	27/6	61/14	45/31	170/119
26/9	92/8	21/5	10/2	149/24
58/87	78/35	38/51	30/36	204/209
3/71	41/45	162/602	15/53	221/771
28/21	0/27	0/214	1101/400	1129/662
667/182	109/50	5/105	354/120	1135/457
852/438	369/171	314/991	1589/642	3124/2242

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
48/0	36/0	80/0	154/0	318/0
74/7	69/0	115/5	168/10	426/22
59/34	50/0	119/81	165/117	393/232
0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
431/41	539/0	276/50	975/112	2221/203
612/82	694/0	590/136	1462/239	3358/457

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
38/0	101/0	106/0	74/0	319/0
105/16	76/7	37/4	34/10	252/37
59/51	139/33	69/32	61/37	328/153
0/0	0/0	0/0	12/0	12/0
116/162	38/113	32/316	43/100	229/691
67/79	83/53	24/116	112/88	286/336
385/308	437/206	268/468	336/235	1426/1217

Sources: DBRS, Fitch Ratings, Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's

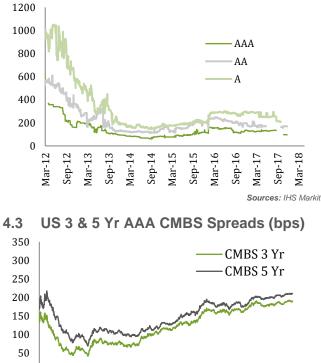
#### **CMBS** Spreads 4

0

Mar-12

Sep-12 Mar-13 Sep-13

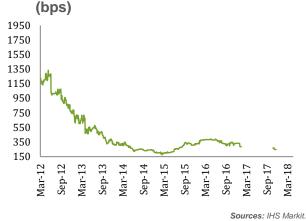
European 3-5 Yr AAA, AA, A CMBS 4.1 Spreads (bps)



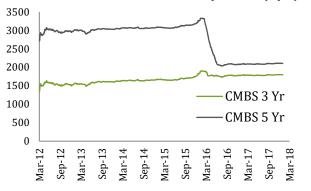
Mar-15 Sep-15 Mar-16 Sep-16

Mar-14 Sep-14

European 3-5 Yr BBB CMBS Spreads 4.2







Sources: Trepp LLC



Sep-17

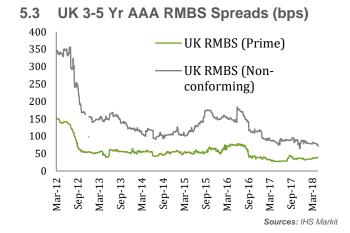
Mar-17

Mar-18

#### 5 **RMBS Spreads**

**European 3-5 Yr AAA RMBS Spreads** 5.1 (bps)

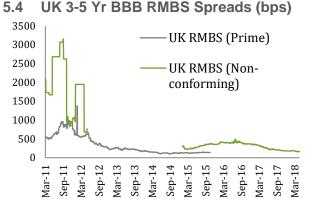




European 3-5 Yr BBB RMBS Spreads 5.2 (bps)



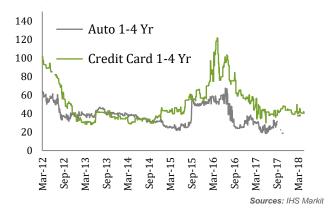
UK 3-5 Yr BBB RMBS Spreads (bps)



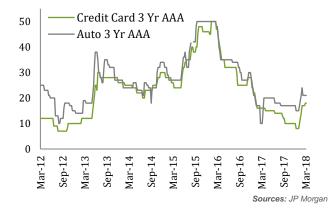
Sources: IHS Markit

## 6 ABS Spreads

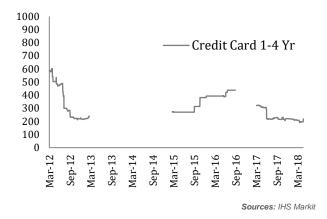
6.1 European 1-4 Yr AAA ABS Spreads (bps)



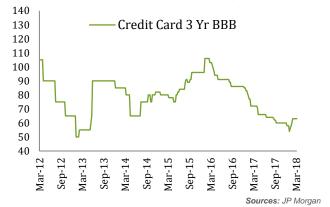
6.3 US 3 Yr AAA ABS Spreads (bps)



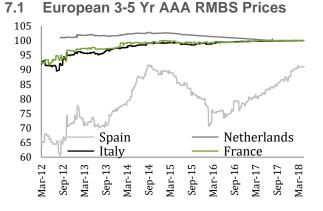
6.2 European 1-4 Yr BBB Spreads (bps)



6.4 US 3 Yr BBB ABS Spreads (bps)

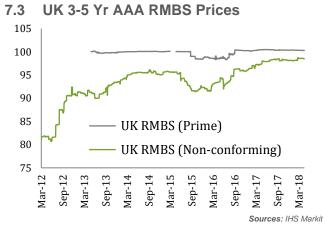


## 7 RMBS Prices



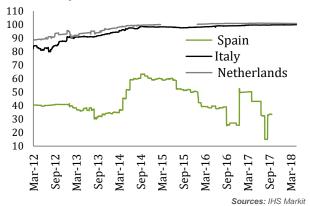
Sources: IHS Markit

- Spanish AAA RMBS provided: IM Pastor 3, Fondo de Titulizacion Hipotecaria, Class A, Series 3. ISIN# ES0347862007. EURdenominated.
- 2. Italian AAA RMBS provided: Vela Home S.r.I. 3, Class A, Series 3. ISIN# IT0003933998. EUR-denominated.
- French AAA RMBS provided: FCC Loggias Compartment 2003, Class A, Series 1. ISIN# FR0010029231. EUR-denominated.
- Dutch AAA RMBS provided: Storm 2016-I BV, Class A2, Series 2016-I ISIN# XS1336738221. EUR-denominated.



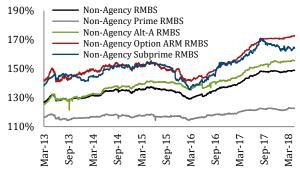
- 1. UK AAA prime RMBS provided: GREAT HALL MORTGAGES No1 PLC, Class Aa, Series 2007-02, ISIN# XS0308354504.
- UK AAA non-conforming RMBS provided: First Flexible No. 4 PLC, Class A, Series 4. ISIN# XS0132692384. GBP-denominated.

7.2 European 3 - 5 Yr BBB RMBS Prices



- 1. Spanish BBB RMBS provided: Hipocat 8, Fondo de Titulizacion Activos, Class D, Series 1: ISIN# ES0345784047. EUR-denominated.
- Dutch BBB RMBS provided: Holland Mortgage-Backed Securities (HERMES) X B.V., Class C, Series 10. ISIN# XS0228806831. EURdenominated. From 2016 onwards: Storm 2016-I B.V, Class A2, Series 2016-I, ISIN# XS1336738221.
- 3. Italian BBB RMBS provided: Vela Home S.r.I. 4, Class A2, Series 4, ISIN# IT0004102007. EUR-denominated.

### 7.4 Markit RMBS iBoxx

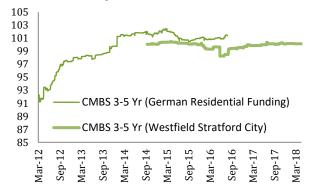


Sources: IHS Markit



## 8 CMBS and ABS Prices

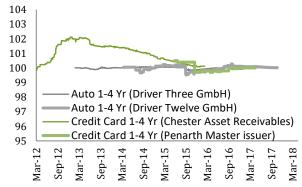




Sources: IHS Markit

 Pan-European AAA CMBS provided: German Residential Funding, Class A, Series 2013-1. ISIN# XS0944452563 (paid off in 2H 16, kept in the chart for reference), EUR-denominated. and Westfield Stratford City Finance PLC, WSCF14 1 Note, GBP-denominated, ISIN# XS1093970751.

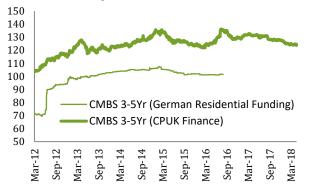




Sources: IHS Markit

- Pan-European AAA Auto ABS provided: Driver Three GmbH, Class A, Series 3. ISIN# XS0270108573. EUR-denominated and Driver Twelve GmbH, DRV12 12 A, Class A, Series 12. EUR denominated, ISIN# XS1055190950.
- Pan-European AAA Credit Card ABS provided: Chester Asset Receivables DGS 2004-1, Class A, Series UK2004-1. ISIN# XS0188611783. GBP-denominated. And Penarth Master Issuer PLC Series 2015-2, Class A1, ISIN# XS1237348823.

8.2 Pan-European 3-5 Yr BBB CMBS Prices

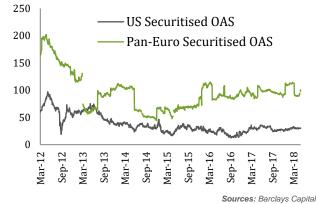


Sources: IHS Markit

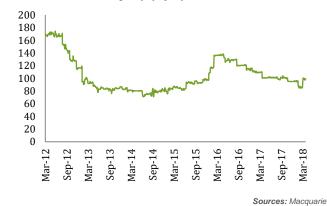
 Pan-European BBB CMBS provided: German Residential Funding, Class D, Series 2013-1. ISIN# XS0944454858 (paid off in 2H 16, kept in the chart for reference). EUR-denominated, and CPUK Finance Limited, Class A2, GBP-denominated, ISIN# XS0749350798.

## 9 Indices Data

9.1 Securitised Index Option-Adjusted Spreads (bps)



9.3 Australia AAA (tranche margin for WAL >1.9 & 2.1 yrs) (bps)





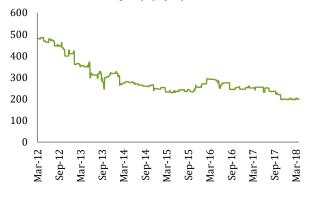
Sources: IHS Markit

9.2 Barclays PanEurope Fixed and Floating Prices



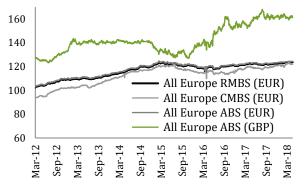
Sources: Barclays Capital

9.4 Australia AA (tranche margin for WAL >4.75 & 5.3 yrs) (bps)



Sources: Macquarie

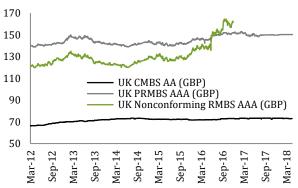
## 10 Total Return Benchmark Data



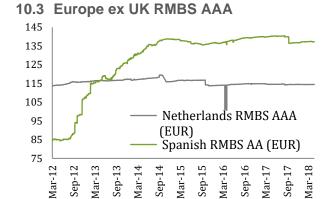
### 10.1 European Total Return

Sources: IHS Markit

## 10.2 UK Total Return



Sources: IHS Markit. Benchmark price not available for 2017 onwards for UK nonconforming RMBS AAA



Sources: IHS Markit

## 11 Asset-Backed Commercial Paper

### € BILLIONS

## 11.1 European ABCP Historical Issuance

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	TOTAL
2009	46.1	39.9	39.0	32.1	157.2
2010	32.1	35.7	38.8	38.8	145.4
2011	35.4	38.6	56.7	100.0	230.7
2012	117.0	106.1	80.3	53.8	357.2
2013	45.4	50.2	54.0	38.1	187.7
2014	53.9	62.6	68.7	81.8	267.2
2015	82.3	102.9	100.1	114.3	399.5
2016	95.8	120.1	135.8	94.1	445.9
2017	82.3	68.4	67.2	75.0	293.1
2018	68.2				68.2

## 11.2 European ABCP Issuance by Nationality of Issuer

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
France	56.2				56.2
Germany	4.7				4.7
Ireland	3.3				3.3
Luxembourg	4.0				4.0
UK					0.0
Total	68.2				68.2

## 11.3 European ABCP Issuance by Programme Type

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
Hybrid	0.8				0.8
Multi-Seller Conduits	66.5				66.5
Unspecified	1.0				1.0
Total	68.2				68.2

## 11.4 ABCP Outstandings by Nationality of Issuer<sup>2</sup>

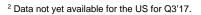
	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
France	9.6			
Germany	1.6			
Ireland	3.4			
Luxembourg	1.7			
UK				
European Total	16.4			
US Total				

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
49.6	52.5	52.8	61.0	215.9
5.0	5.1	4.9	5.7	20.6
19.7	4.1	3.6	3.3	30.8
4.2	4.8	4.3	4.6	17.9
3.8	2.0	1.7	0.5	8.0
82.3	68.4	67.2	75.0	293.1

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	3.7
72.3	66.5	65.6	73.1	277.5
9.3	1.0	0.7	0.8	11.8
81.6	67.6	66.3	73.9	289.3

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
8.3	8.3	9.0	10.0
1.5	1.5	1.4	1.7
5.0	3.2	2.7	3.2
1.3	1.6	1.4	1.8
1.5	1.22	1.3	0.2
17.6	15.9	15.7	16.7
225.5	214.0	207.6	200.5

Sources: Dealogic, Moody's Investors Service



## **Asset-Backed Commercial Paper**

## 11.5 European ABCP Outstandings by Programme Type

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
Hybrid	0.8			
Multi-Seller	14.9			
Unspecified	0.7			
Total	16.4			

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
0.8	0.6	0.6	0.9
15.7	14.8	14.7	15.4
1.1	0.5	0.4	0.4
17.6	15.9	15.7	16.7

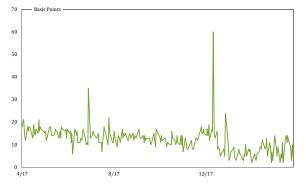
## 11.6 US ABCP Outstandings by Programme Type<sup>3</sup>

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4
Loan-Backed				
SIVs				
Single-Seller				
Multi-Seller				
Other				
Total				

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4
8.4	7.9	7.6	7.5
175.8	167.1	161.8	155.7
41.3	39.0	38.2	37.3
225.5	214.0	207.6	200.5

Sources: Dealogic, Moody's Investors Service

## 11.7 US ABCP to AA Non-financial CP Spread



Sources: US Federal Reserve



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data not yet available for the US for Q3'17.

## 12 Global Comparative Data

## € BILLIONS

## 12.1 Global High Grade Corporate Bond Issuance

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
US	187.6				187.6
Europe	193.2				193.2
Asia	204.3				204.3
Total	585.1				585.1

## 12.2 Global Government Bond Issuance

	2018:Q1	2018:Q2	2018:Q3	2018:Q4	TOTAL
US	52.1				52.1
Europe	184.1				184.1
Asia	43.2				43.2
Total	279.4				279.4

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
264.8	247.1	190.3	162.4	864.6
203.8	158.3	118.1	123.2	603.3
231.4	245.8	286.1	228.7	992.0
700.1	651.2	594.5	514.3	2460.0

2017:Q1	2017:Q2	2017:Q3	2017:Q4	TOTAL
72.9	65.7	65.5	57.3	261.4
205.6	151.0	108.6	72.0	537.2
67.5	43.8	48.4	52.7	212.5
346.1	260.5	222.5	182.0	1011.1

## Summary of the Methodologies Adopted for this Report

## 1. Issuance

1.1. – 1.2. European, Australian, and US Historical Issuance

The tables covering historical issuance in Europe and the US are denominated in EUR billions. Historical issuance volumes are calculated by adding all transactions in different asset classes including, among others, asset-backed securities (ABS), collateralised debt obligations/collateralised (CDOs/CLOs), loan obligations commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS), and residential mortgage-back securities (RMBS). Please note that numbers may not add due to independent rounding and that historical or prior period numbers are revised to reflect changes in classification, refined selection methodology, or information submitted to our data sources after the prior period cut-off dates.

Australian data are contributed by Macquarie.

## 1.3. -1.6. Issuance by Collateral

The European issuance volumes are determined based on the review of several data sources: Bloomberg, JP Morgan, Thomson Reuters, and UniCredit starting from Q1 2009; and Deutsche Bank starting from Q1 2010; Citigroup from Q2 2010; and Dealogic from Q1 2011. In prior quarters our sources were Bloomberg, JP Morgan, Merrill Lynch, RBS, and Thomson Reuters. RMBS, CMBS and ABS are defined as European by having underlying assets located in a European country. European securities included in the calculation are the ones for which there is a specific match in terms of size, name, country of collateral and collateral type from at least two sources. Securities that fail to meet these criteria are excluded. With respect to CDOs/CLOs, securities are designated as European if they are issued in any European currency, regardless of their country of collateral. A substantial percentage of CDOs/CLOs are backed by multi-jurisdictional collateral. Historical CDO/CLO issuance totals have been revised due to periodic updates of the sector.

European ABS issuance includes auto, credit card, leases, loans, receivables and other.

European whole business securitisation ("WBS") are securitisations where cashflows derive from the whole operating revenues generated by an entire business or segmented part of a larger business. Certain WBS deals may be bucketed in the ABS or CMBS class based on deal specifics. As of 2013 Q4, certain public finance initaitves ("PFI") have been moved from ABS to WBS and the category renamed "PFI/WBS".

Placed and retained European issuance collateral are sourced from AFME and/or SIFMA dealer member research, Dealogic, Bloomberg, and Thomson Reuters. Placed issuance includes all tranches placed in the public market, private placements, and preplacements. Partial issuance of a tranche is considered to be placed if half or more by euro amount of the tranche is reported placed. Placed and retained issuance will not retroactively consider securities originally issued retained and then placed in the marketplace, and are estimates.

The US non-agency RMBS, CMBS, ABS and CDO/CLO issuance data sources are Dealogic and Thomson Reuters. Agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) are defined as securities issued by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Ginnie Mae and are acquired from company statements. US issuance data are generally based on the sum of securities with US collateral; agency issuance numbers do not include securitisations of existing agency securities. US CDO/CLO data are defined as USD-denominated CDOS/CLOS regardless of the country of collateral.

Australian securitisation volumes are contributed by Macquarie.

The US and Australia issuance data are converted to Euros based on the exchange rate at each quarterend indicated below.

Quarter	USD to EUR	AUD to EUR
Q1 2015	0.9318	0.7088
Q2 2015	0.8979	0.6917
Q3 2015	0.8947	0.6278
Q4 2015	0.9210	0.6711
Q1 2016	0.8787	0.6729
Q2 2016	0.9004	0.6708
Q3 2016	0.8901	0.6813
Q4 2016	0.9506	0.6843
Q1 2017	0.9385	0.7160
Q2 2017	0.8752	0.6727
Q3 2017	0.8464	0.6631
Q4 2017	0.8330	0.6506
Q1 2018	0.8114	0.6235

These same conversion rates, sourced from Bloomberg, are used on all US issuance and outstanding volume data.

US ABS issuance includes auto, credit card, home equity, student loan, equipment leases, manufactured housing, and other. Historical ABS issuance totals have been revised due to periodic updates of the sector. US CDO issuance numbers only include USdenominated issuance regardless of the country of collateral and may include European transactions which are denominated in US dollars. Historical CDO issuance totals have been revised due to periodic updates of the sector.

## 1.7. Issuance by Country of Collateral

The tables covering issuance in the US and Europe are presented in EUR billions. For Europe the information is segmented by country of collateral.

The European issuance is segmented by country to the extent that a determination can be made. Securities with the underlying collateral originating from more than one jurisdiction are categorised as Multinational. Almost all CDOs/CLOs are classified under this Multinational group due to the complexity involved in identifying origin of collateral for each specific tranche. The European issuance volumes are determined based on the review of multiple data sources: Deutsche Bank and Bank of America-Merrill Lynch as of Q1 2010, Bloomberg, JP Morgan, Thomson Reuters and UniCredit starting from Q1 2009; and RBS starting from Q3 2009. In prior quarters the sources were Bloomberg, JP Morgan, Thomson Reuters and Merrill Lynch.

US CDO/CLO data are defined as USD-denominated issues regardless of country of collateral.

Other includes countries with outstanding securities that are too small to be displayed, such as Georgia, Iceland, Ukraine, Swit-zerland, Sweden, and Hungary.

PanEurope has been pulled out of the Multinational parent category and will be retroactively displayed for Euro-pean outstandings.

Multinational includes all deals in which assets originate from a variety of jurisdictions. This includes the majority of CDOs/CLOs denominated in a European currency.

Australian data are contributed by Macquarie.

1.8. Issuance by Collateral Type and Country of Collateral

Issuance information is further specified by country of collateral for European issuance only and by asset class. CDO/CLO classification is the same as above.

1.9. – 1.11. Issuance by Rating

Issuance is presented by credit rating classification (AAA; AA; A; BBB and below; and Not Rated) on a quarterly basis. The credit rating assigned is the lowest of the ratings provided by Fitch Ratings,

Moody's Investors Service and/or Standard & Poor's. These ratings are intended to represent their corresponding equivalent at each agency; e.g., an AAA rating is equal to an Aaa Moody's rating, AA equal to Aa1, etc. Securities are classified 'Not Rated' if none of the credit rating agencies have provided an opinion on the underlying credit quality of a particular tranche, or if the ratings are unknown. US agency MBS issues are generally not rated and therefore grouped separately under Agency MBS.

Australian securitisation data are contributed by Macquarie.

1.12. Issuance by Deal Size

European and US securitisation issuance volume is segmented by transaction size based on data provided by Dealogic. The European data covers all asset classes and EUR-denominated CDOs/CLOs. US non-Agency data includes ABS, non-agency CMBS and RMBS, and USD-denominated CDOs/CLOs. US agency MBS, which includes agency CMBS and RMBS, is shown separately.

All data, except for CDOs/CLOs, are included according to the country of collateral. The number of issues refers to the number of deals, not the number of tranches within each deal.

Australian securitisation issuance volumes are contributed by Macquarie.

## 2. Balances Outstanding

## 2.1. – 2.3. Outstandings by Collateral

The outstanding volumes are reported by asset class. Subtotals may not add to totals due to independent rounding and historical or prior period numbers are continuously revised to reflect changes classification. refined selection in methodology, or information submitted to our data sources after the prior period cut-off dates. For Europe, balances outstanding are calculated by the principal balance outstanding on structured product transactions including public, private, rated, unrated, listed and unlisted securities provided by Bloomberg. Balances outstanding are determined by multiplying eligible securities by their pool factor for the quarter and sorted accordingly. Tranches that are non-EURdenominated are converted to EUR by Bloomberg based on the exchange rate at the time of the pricing date (as specified by the lead manager/arranger), or, if missing, the issue date as specified in each security's original offering documentation. Securities included in the calculations, except for CDOs/CLOs, have collateral originated from at least one European country to the extent that a

determination can be made. However, for ABS and MBS securities with collateral originated in multiple countries, or where the origin of the underlying collateral is undefined, the following selection criteria apply: securities are considered eligible as European only if they are denominated in a European currency, as defined below, and the country of issuer (considered to be the country in which the issuing SPV is incorporated) is within Europe. In certain limited cases, the Channel Islands and the Cayman Islands are considered eligible as European jurisdictions for ABS and MBS products if underlying collateral is derived from a variety of jurisdictions and the original currency of issue is EUR only.

For our selection criteria, European currencies include the euro (EUR) and all predecessor currencies, as well as the Turkish lira (TRY), the Danish kroner (DKK), the Swedish krona (SEK), the Swiss franc (CHF), the Polish zloty (PLN), the British pound (GBP), and the Russian ruble (RUB).

Furthermore, our selection criteria consider Europe to include all European Economic Area (EEA) countries and certain non-EEA countries located on the geographic European continent. We have included Turkey, Kazakhstan, Iceland, Georgia and the Russian Federation in these criteria.

European ABS outstanding collateral types include auto loans, credit cards, loans (consumer and student), and other.

For the CDO/CLO sector, only issuance denominated in a European currency (as specified above) is included, regardless of the country of collateral.

Beginning in Q2 2010, the CDO/CLO asset class has been further broken down into the CDO/CLO and SME asset classes. SME securities follow the same criteria application as non-CDOs/CLOs. Revisions during this quarter were retroactively applied and balances outstanding from prior quarters have all been restated accordingly.

The US outstanding calculations are based on information derived from Bloomberg for ABS, nonagency RMBS, and non-agency CMBS; agency balance statements for agency MBS. The following asset classes are segmented: agency MBS, nonagency RMBS, non-agency CMBS, and ABS. The agency MBS figures include both agency RMBS and agency CMBS (i.e., multifamily). US ABS outstanding collateral types include auto loans, credit cards, loans (equipment and student loans), CDOs, and other. CDOs outstanding are included in ABS outstandings and represents dollar-denominated tranches. As of 2013 Q4 home equity and certain other mortgage-related debt has been moved into Non-Agency RMBS.

Australian outstanding figures are contributed by Macquarie. Reverse mortgages are included in RMBS figures, while small balance CMBS are included in CMBS figures.

## 2.4. Outstandings by Country of Collateral

The European outstanding volumes are segmented by country of collateral based on the above methodology. For our selection criteria, Europe is considered to include all European Economic Area (EEA) countries and certain non-EEA countries located on the geographic European continent (Georgia, Iceland, Turkey, Kazakhstan and the Russian Federation). In certain limited cases, the Channel Islands and the Cayman islands are considered eligible for ABS and MBS products if underlying collateral is derived from a variety of jurisdictions and the original currency of issue is European. CDOs/CLOs issued in a European currency with either collateral from multiple jurisdictions or for which the underlying location of collateral is undefined are categorized under 'Multinational' for the purpose of determining outstanding balances by country. Collateral from multiple European countries is now categorised under 'PanEurope' unless collateral is predominantly (over 90%) from one country.

The US outstandings include both agency and nonagency securities.

2.5. – 2.7. Outstandings by Moody's Rating

The percentage rating distribution for Europe and the US is based on Moody's Investors Service data for balances outstanding, and from Standard and Poor's for Australian data. The data provides current ratings as of the end of the quarter. The data presented are based on original issuance volumes for European, US, and Australian securities, and therefore do not reflect amortised balances. Information on current ratings by outstanding volumes is not currently available. Moody's and Standard and Poor's data have been converted to percentages based on the original issuance size to make it easily comparable with the outstanding volumes provided in this report. Defaulted and unrated issues are excluded from these data.

## 2.8. - 2.9. Outstandings by Vintage

Outstanding volumes by vintage are determined by year of original pricing date. Restructurings are counted from original pricing date rather than remarketed date.

## 2.10. Outstandings by Country and Collateral

European outstanding volumes are segmented by country and collateral based on above methodology.

## 3. Credit Quality – Rating Changes

## 3.1. – 3.4. Upgrades/Downgrades by Country

These tables present the aggregate number of upgrades and downgrades for securitisation (including CDOs/CLOs) by country of collateral for European deals and in total for US deals. The information is based on data provided by DBRS, Fitch Ratings, Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's. The upgrade number is shown first followed by the downgrade number. The upgrades and downgrades of each of credit rating agency is shown in separate tables and presented as the number of rating changes. Because the credit rating agencies track different securities and apply different credit rating methodologies, these numbers are not directly comparable.

According to Moody's Investors Service, a security is classified as European or American based on if it is monitored out of Moody's office in Europe or the US. More specifically, European securities are classified within a particular country if all of its assets are located within that country.

Fitch's US category may contain non-US issues (e.g., Canada) from the North American continent.

The Multinational category includes CDOs/CLOs and all other cross-jurisdictional securitisations for both Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's. The Fitch Ratings Multinational classification includes cross-jurisdictional CMBS as well as the aggregated sum of rating actions in other countries including Austria, Belgium, Greece, Ireland, Portugal and the Russian Federation. Fitch Ratings assigns CDO issues to the country in which the majority of the underlying assets are located.

DBRS' "ABS Other" category may include student loans, equipment lease and other securities.

## 3.5. – 3.12. Upgrades/Downgrades by Collateral

These tables present aggregate upgrades and downgrades for securitisation and CDO/CLO issues by securitised product type for Europe and the US. The upgrade number is shown first followed by the downgrade number. The upgrades and downgrades of each agency are shown in separate tables and presented by number rating changes. For Fitch Ratings, the category Other RMBS includes other categories of RMBS transactions such as ALT-A, reverse mortgage, government RMBS, etc. The category 'Other ABS' may include student loans and the whole business securitisations/public finance initiatives (WBS/PFI). For Moody's Investors Service and Standard & Poor's, the total number of European upgrades/downgrades reported by collateral type are not always comparable with the upgrades/downgrades presented by country because there may be securities that experience rating migrations that are backed by collateral originated from a country outside of those specified and will not be captured under the "Multinational" category.

## 4 - 6 Spreads

## 4.1. - 4.4. CMBS Spreads

These graphs present credit spread data for European and US AAA and BBB 3-5 Yr CMBS. European 3-5 year AAA & BBB CMBS data are provided by Markit. Composite spread levels are calculated from dealer contributions which have been subjected to multiple cleaning algorithms. Spread levels are equivalent to the discount margin. The discount margin is defined as the effective spread to maturity of a floating rate security after discounting the yield value of a price other than par over the life of the security. The spread calculation is based on data provided by dealer trading desks.

US CMBS 3 and 5 year spreads are provided by Trepp LLC. US CMBS spreads are quoted as fixed rate bonds based on the yield of US treasury bonds with the same average life.

## 5.1. - 5.4. RMBS Spreads

European RMBS credit spreads are provided for 3-5 year AAA and BBB securities based on data provided by Markit. European credit spreads cover Spain, Netherlands, Italy, Germany and France. UK RMBS spreads are provided for both prime and nonconforming transactions. Markit spread calculations are based on data provided by dealer trading desks.

As of April 2012, Italian AAA has been replaced with Italian AA due to downgrades. Spanish RMBS 3-5 year AAA and BBB spreads have been replaced with AA 3-5 years and BBB 5-8 years respectively due to lack of bonds.

As of November 2012, UK non-conforming AAA has been replaced with non-conforming AA due to downgrades, while BBB UK Prime RMBS are no longer available.

## 6.1. - 6.4. ABS Spreads

European ABS credit spreads are provided for 1-4 year AAA and BBB securities based on data

provided by Markit based on the same calculations described above.

US spreads reflect levels for AAA autos, AAA credit cards, and BBB credit cards; spreads are fixed against swaps and are provided by JP Morgan. US 3 Yr Auto ABS BBB spreads are not available.

## 7 - 8 Prices

## 7.1. - 7.4. RMBS Prices

These graphs represent price data for specific European and UK RMBS selected as benchmarks in the respective jurisdictions. The price calculations are provided by Markit and are based on data provided by dealer trading desks.

## 8.1. – 8.3. CMBS and ABS Prices

The graphs represent price data for specific pan-European CMBS and ABS selected as benchmarks. The price calculations provided by Markit and are based on data provided by dealer trading desks.

## 9.1. - 9.5. Indices Data

The first graph presents daily option-adjusted spreads provided by Barclays Capital for Europe from a cross-section of securitised products. The second graph, provided by Barclays Capital, presents daily fixed and floating prices of pan-European deals.

The third and fourth graphs present daily tranche margins, quoted in bps, provided by Macquarie for the Australian AAA and AA securitised market.

The fifth graph present daily prices provided by Markit for the US synthetic CMBS indices.

## **10 Total Return Benchmark Data**

## 10.1. - 10.3. Total Return Data

These graphs represent historical return composites generated by tracking the aggregate asset value on an underlying portfolio of single name bonds. Data are provided by Markit and are preliminary.

## 11. Asset-Backed Commercial Paper (ABCP)

## 11.1. – 11.2. ABCP Historical Issuance; ABCP Issuance by Nationality of Issuer

European issuance is provided by Dealogic, which identifies the issuer's nationality as the country in which the SPV is domiciled. These data do not represent the seller-servicers of the underlying assets or the bank conduits for the ABCP deals. The US data are provided by Moody's Investors Service. The volumes are converted from dollar to euro based on the end-of-quarter exchange rate. 11.3. European ABCP Issuance by Programme Type

ABCP data by programme type is provided by Dealogic. The programme type classifications included are: SIVs, single-seller conduit, multi-seller conduit and 'unspecified'.

Dealogic provides the issuer's nationality as the country in which the SPV is domiciled. This data does not represent the seller-servicers of the underlying assets or the bank conduits for ABCP deals.

11.4. ABCP Outstandings by Nationality of Issuer

The European outstanding is provided by country through the Dealogic database, and the US data are provided by Moody's Investors Service. Dealogic identifies the issuer's nationality as the country in which the SPV is domiciled. The dollar volumes were converted to euro based on the end-of-quarter exchange rate.

US ABCP figures are based on programmes rated by Moody's NY office ABCP Program Index, regardless of market; some euro-denominated ABCP may be included in volume totals.

## 11.5. – 11.6. ABCP Outstandings by Programme Type

Outstanding quarterly data are provided for Europe and the US by, respectively, Dealogic and Moody's Investor Service. The volumes are converted from dollars to euro based on the end-of-quarter exchange rate. The programme type classifications included are: loan-backed, SIVs, single-seller conduit, multi-seller conduit and 'unspecified'.

Unspecified programme types within the US data contain both arbitrage and hybrid programme types.

## 11.7. ABCP Spreads

The US ABCP spread information is based on data collected and developed by the Federal Reserve. The spread is defined as the difference between AA ABCP and AA nonfinancial CP.

## 12. Global Comparative Data

## 12.1. - 12.2. Global Corporate Bond and Government Bond Issuance

These statistics are provided by Dealogic and present issuance volumes for corporate bonds and government bonds in Asia, the US and Europe. Government bond and corporate bond figures represent gross, not net issuance. In terms of geographical description, Europe represents the European, the Middle East and African (EMEA) countries while Asia includes the Pacific countries and Japan.

Global corporate bond issuance is for investment grade bonds, public placements only. Global government bond issuance includes all agency and non-agency issuances and does not include supranationals.

## Annex

## Disclaimer

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